

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(MARK ONE)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY
PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2003

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-15149

LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC.
Incorporated pursuant to the Laws of the State of DELAWARE

Internal Revenue Service Employer Identification No. 42-0991521

2140 LAKE PARK BLVD.
RICHARDSON, TEXAS
75080
(972-497-5000)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act.)

Yes No

As of May 9, 2003, the number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, par value \$.01 per share, was 58,213,294.

LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC.

INDEX

Page No Part I. Financial Information Item 1. Financial Statements
Consolidated Balance Sheets - March 31, 2003 (Unaudited) and
December 31,
2002..... 3
Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited) - Three Months
Ended March 31, 2003 and
2002..... 4
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) - Three Months
Ended March 31, 2003 and
2002..... 5 Notes to
Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)..... 6 Item 2. Management's
Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of
Operations.....
11 Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market
Risk..... 15 Item 4. Controls and
Procedures.....
16 Part II. Other Information Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form
8-K..... 17

PART I -- FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

As of March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002
(In thousands, except share data)

March 31, 2003	December 31, 2002	2003	2002

- (unaudited) ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents			
\$ 54,145	\$ 76,369	Accounts and notes receivable, net	321,294 307,334
Inventories			
272,154	219,682	Deferred income taxes	32,851 33,270
Other assets			
60,159	38,400	----- Total current assets	
675,055	740,603	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, net	
GOODWILL, net			
427,253	420,802	DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	
80,376 OTHER ASSETS			
119,235	112,153	----- TOTAL ASSETS	
\$ 1,521,718 =====			
===== LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Short-term debt			
\$ 9,255	\$ 10,438	Current maturities of long-term debt	
245,529	247,598	Accounts payable	
283,311 Accrued expenses			
253,929	283,311	Income taxes payable	
23,405 12,808			
----- Total current liabilities			
576,161	537,461	LONG-TERM DEBT	
POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS, OTHER THAN PENSIONS			
364,805	356,747	13,927 13,472 PENSIONS	
88,336 85,434 OTHER LIABILITIES			
75,501			
74,214	75,501	----- Total liabilities	
1,118,730			
1,067,328	1,118,730	----- MINORITY INTEREST	
1,829			
1,591 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES			
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding			
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 63,251,382 shares and 63,039,254 shares issued for 2003 and 2002 respectively			
633	630	Additional paid-in capital	
407,107 404,723			
Retained earnings			
168,277			
171,316	168,277	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	
(12,108)	(58,999)	(79,636)	Deferred compensation
(13,518)	(12,108)	(13,518)	Treasury stock, at cost, 3,043,828 and 3,009,656 shares for 2003 and 2002, respectively
(31,150) (30,716) -----			
----- Total stockholders' equity			
473,760 452,799 -----			
----- TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
\$ 1,594,319	\$ 1,521,718	=====	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
 For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2003 and 2002
 (Unaudited, in thousands, except per share data)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, -----		
-----	2003	2002
		NET
		SALES
.....	\$ 649,798	\$ 674,269
		COST OF GOODS SOLD
.....		437,246
	467,767	-----
		Gross Profit
.....		212,552
	206,502	OPERATING EXPENSES: Selling, general and
		administrative expense
		201,955
	197,012	Restructurings
.....		-- 653 -
		Income from operations
.....		10,597
		8,837
		INTEREST EXPENSE, net
.....		7,020
	7,883	OTHER INCOME
.....		
	(589)	(85) MINORITY INTEREST
.....		90
		66
		Income before income taxes
		and cumulative effect of accounting change
.....		4,076
		973
		PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES
.....		1,588
		402
		Income before cumulative effect
		of accounting change ..
.....		2,488
		571
		CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE
.....		-- 249,224

		Net income (loss)
.....		\$ 2,488
		\$
	(248,653)	===== INCOME PER SHARE
		BEFORE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE: Basic
.....		
	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.01 Diluted
.....		
	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.01 CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE
		PER SHARE: Basic
.....		
	\$ --	\$ (4.39) Diluted
.....		
	\$ --	\$ (4.39) NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE: Basic
.....		
	\$ 0.04	\$ (4.38) Diluted
.....		
	\$ 0.04	\$ (4.38)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2003 and 2002
(Unaudited, in thousands)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, -----	
----- 2003	2002 -----
CASH FLOWS	
FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income (loss)	
.....
2,488	\$ (248,653)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities: Minority interest	
90	66
Equity in earnings of joint ventures	
.....	(1,662) (628)
Non-cash cumulative effect of accounting change	
--	249,224
Depreciation and amortization	
.....	12,536 15,411
Provision for doubtful receivables	
.....	2,387 2,093
Inventory reserves	
88	(2,041)
Deferred income taxes	
.....	7,732 4,196
Other losses and expenses	
.....	3,229 1,106
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of divestitures- Accounts and notes receivable	
.....	(8,200) (51,247)
Inventories	
.....	(50,852) (13,410)
Other current assets	
.....	(21,083)
Accounts payable	
.....	4,151
Accrued expenses	
.....	(5,257)
Income taxes payable and receivable	
.....	14,175
(1,779)	8,571
Long-term warranty, deferred income and other liabilities	
.....	2,478
9,547	4,465
Net cash used in operating activities	
(6,435)	(26,211)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from the disposal of property, plant and equipment	
.....	580 427
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	
.....	(5,242) (4,685)
Proceeds from disposal of businesses and investments	
.....	2,425 --
Net cash used in investing activities	
.....	(2,237) (4,258)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Short-term borrowings	
.....	901
Repayments of long-term debt	
.....	(435) (12,000)
Revolving long-term borrowings	
.....	8,000 7,300
Sales of common stock	
.....	2,387
Repurchases of common stock	
.....	(434) (244)
Cash dividends paid	
.....	(5,489) (5,374)
Net cash provided by financing activities	
.....	4,930 1,354
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
.....	(23,518) (9,339)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
.....	1,294 14
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	
.....	76,369 34,393
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	
.....	\$ 54,145 \$ 25,068
Supplementary disclosures of cash flow information: Cash paid during the period for:	
Interest	
.....	\$ 1,542 \$ 4,570
Income taxes	

..... \$
2,611 \$ 2,705 =====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND OTHER ACCOUNTING INFORMATION:

The unaudited consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2003, and the accompanying unaudited consolidated statements of operations and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 should be read in conjunction with Lennox International Inc.'s (the "Company" or "LII") audited consolidated financial statements and the footnotes as of December 31, 2002 and 2001 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2002. In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements contain all material adjustments, consisting principally of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to applicable rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures herein are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The operating results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for a full year. See Note 3 (a) for a discussion of the impact of the Outokumpu Oyj joint venture transactions in 2002 on comparability.

The Company's fiscal year ends on December 31 of each year, and the Company's quarters are each comprised of 13 weeks. For convenience, throughout these financial statements, the 13 weeks comprising each three month period are denoted by the last day of the respective calendar quarter.

2. STOCK COMPENSATIONS:

The Company accounts for its stock based compensation under the recognition and measurement principles of APB No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations ("APB 25") and has adopted the disclosure-only provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS No. 123"). Under APB 25, no stock-based compensation cost is reflected in net income for grants of stock options to employees because the Company grants stock options with an exercise price equal to the market value of the stock on the date of grant. Had the Company used the fair value based accounting method for stock compensation expense described by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS No. 123"), the Company's diluted net income per common and equivalent share are shown in the pro-forma amounts below (in thousands, except per share data):

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED	
MARCH 31, -----	
	2003 2002 ---
----- Net	
income (loss), as reported	
..... \$ 2,488 \$	
(248,653) Add: Reported	
stock-based compensation	
expense, net of taxes	
..... 1,074	
-- Deduct: Fair value	
based compensation	
expense, net of taxes	
.....	
(1,910) (197) -----	
----- Net income	
(loss), pro-forma	
..... \$ 1,652 \$	
(248,850) =====	
===== Earnings per	
share: Basic, as reported	
.....	
\$ 0.04 \$ (4.38) Basic,	
pro-forma	
.....	
\$ 0.03 \$ (4.38) Diluted,	
as reported	
..... \$	
0.04 \$ (4.38) Diluted,	
pro-forma	

.....
\$ 0.03 \$ (4.29)

3. REPORTABLE BUSINESS SEGMENTS:

Financial information about the Company's reportable business segments is as follows (in thousands):

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, ---	
----- 2003 2002 -----	
----- Net Sales	
Residential	
.....
\$ 294,300	\$ 273,852
Commercial	
.....
92,833	86,793
Heating and Cooling	
.....
387,133	
Service Experts	
.....
360,645	
Refrigeration	
.....
197,053	205,014
Corporate and other (a)	
.....
90,205	87,941
Eliminations	
.....
--	45,861

(24,593)	(25,192)

---	\$ 649,798
\$ 674,269 =====	
===== Segment Profit (Loss)	
Residential	
.....
\$ 21,794	\$ 15,502
Commercial	
.....
(747)	(163)
Heating and Cooling	
.....
21,047	
Service Experts	
.....
15,339	
Refrigeration	
.....
(4,737)	(2,793)
Corporate and other (a)	
.....
8,274	8,237
Eliminations	
.....
(12,755)	

(1,232)	(582)

Segment Profit	
.....
10,597	
Reconciliation to Income before	
Income Taxes: Restructurings	
.....
--	
Interest Expense, net	
.....
7,020	7,883
Minority Interest and Other	
.....
(499)	(19)

-----	\$ 4,076
\$ 973	
=====	

AS OF MARCH 31, AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2003
2002 -----

Total Assets Residential	
.....
\$ 418,714	\$ 374,321
Commercial	
.....
173,299	167,548
Heating and Cooling	
.....
592,013	
Service Experts	
.....
541,869	
Refrigeration	
.....
498,669	484,547
Corporate and other (a)	
.....
252,348	234,847
Eliminations	
.....
270,597	

(19,308)	(15,852)

-	\$ 1,594,319
\$ 1,521,718 =====	
=====	

(a) In the third quarter of 2002, the Company formed joint ventures with Outokumpu Oyj by selling to Outokumpu Oyj a 55 % interest in the Company's heat transfer business segment for approximately \$55 million in cash and notes. The Company accounts for its remaining 45 % interest using the equity method of accounting and includes such amounts in the Corporate and other segment. The historical net sales, results of operations and total assets of the Corporate and other segment have been restated to include the portions of the heat transfer business segment that was sold to Outokumpu Oyj. The results of operations of the heat transfer business segment now presented in the Corporate and other segment were \$(0.9) million for the three months ended March 31, 2003. The historical net sales and results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002 were \$45.9 million and \$(0.8) million.

4. INVENTORIES:

Components of inventories are as follows (in thousands):

AS OF MARCH 31, 2002	AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2003	

		Finished goods
.....	
\$ 177,826	\$ 139,057	Repair parts
.....	
36,143	32,524	Work in process
.....	
14,052	13,895	Raw materials
.....	
92,035	81,360	
-- 320,056	266,836	Excess of current cost
over last-in, first-out cost ...	(47,902)	
(47,154)		\$
272,154	\$ 219,682	=====
		=====

5. SHIPPING AND HANDLING:

Shipping and handling costs are included as part of selling, general and administrative expense in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations in the following amounts (in thousands):

FOR
THE
THREE
MONTHS
ENDED
MARCH
31, -

--
2003
2002

-- \$
29,973
\$
29,643

6. WARRANTIES:

The changes in the carrying amount of the Company's total warranty liabilities for the three months ended March 31, 2003 are as follows (in thousands):

Total warranty liability at December 31, 2002	\$	63,358
Payments made in 2003		(4,734)
Changes resulting from issuance of new warranties		5,703

Total warranty liability at March 31, 2003	\$	64,327
		=====

The change in warranty liability that results from changes in estimates of warranties issued prior to 2003 is not material.

7. CASH, LINES OF CREDIT AND FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS:

The Company has bank lines of credit aggregating \$326 million, of which \$18 million was borrowed and outstanding, and \$42 million was committed to standby letters of credit at March 31, 2003. Of the remaining \$266 million, approximately \$137 million was available for future borrowings after consideration of covenant limitations. Included in the lines of credit is a domestic facility in the amount of \$270 million governed by agreements between the Company and a syndicate of banks. The facility contains certain financial covenants and bears interest, at the Company's option, at a rate equal to either (a) the greater of the bank's prime rate or the federal funds rate plus 0.5% or (b) the London Interbank Offered Rate plus a margin equal to 0.5% to 2.25%, depending upon the ratio of total funded debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"). The Company pays a commitment fee, depending upon the ratio of total funded debt to EBITDA, equal to 0.15% to 0.50% of the unused commitment. The agreements place restrictions on the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness, encumber its assets, sell its assets, or pay dividends. As of March 31, 2003, LII was in compliance with all covenant requirements and LII believes that cash flow from operations, as well as available borrowings under its revolving credit facility, will be sufficient to fund its operations for the foreseeable future. The Company has included in cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet \$32.9 million of restricted cash related to letters of credit.

8. ACCOUNTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE:

Accounts and Notes Receivable have been shown net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$22.8 million and \$23.1 million, and net of accounts receivable sold under an ongoing asset securitization arrangement of \$115.1 million and \$99.0 million as of March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002, respectively. In addition,

approximately \$54.3 million and \$106.2 million of accounts receivable as reported in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002, respectively, represent retained interests in securitized receivables that have restricted disposition rights per the terms of the asset securitization agreement and would not be available to satisfy obligations to creditors. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk within its accounts and notes receivable.

9. DIVESTITURES:

In March 2003, the Company sold the net assets of a heating, ventilation and air conditioning ("HVAC") distributor included in the residential heating and cooling segment for \$4.6 million in cash and notes. The sale resulted in a pre-tax loss of approximately \$0.8 million. The revenues and results of operations of the distributor were immaterial for all prior periods.

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share are computed by dividing net income by the sum of the weighted average number of shares and the number of equivalent shares assumed outstanding, if dilutive, under the Company's stock-based compensation plans. As of March 31, 2003, the Company had 61,220,466 shares outstanding of which 3,043,828 were held as treasury shares. Diluted earnings per share are computed as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, -----	
----- 2003 2002 -----	
----- Net income (loss)	
.....
\$ 2,488	\$ (248,653) =====
=====	=====
----- Weighted average shares	
outstanding	
57,937	56,769
Effect of diluted securities	
attributable to stock options and	
performance share awards	
..... 1,545 877
----- Weighted average	
shares outstanding, as adjusted	
.....	59,482 57,646 -----
----- Diluted earnings (loss) per share	
.....	\$ 0.04 \$
(4.38)	=====

Options to purchase 5,512,539 shares of common stock at prices ranging from \$13.21 to \$49.63 per share and 3,876,828 shares of common stock at prices ranging from \$11.22 to \$49.63 per share were outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, but were not included in the diluted earnings per share calculation because the assumed exercise of such options would have been anti-dilutive. The Company's convertible notes were not considered in the diluted earnings per share calculation because the required trading prices of either the Company's common stock or the convertible bonds had not been met as of the reporting period. The notes are convertible into approximately 8 million shares.

11. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS):

Comprehensive income (loss) is computed as follows (in thousands):

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED	
MARCH 31, -----	
----- 2003 2002 -----	
----- Net	
income (loss)	
.....
\$ 2,488	\$ (248,653) Foreign
currency translation	
adjustments	16,540
(289) Cash flow hedges	
.....
1,372	3,704 Minimum pension
liability	
..... (2,058)
-- Unrealized gains	
(losses) on investments	
....	4,783 -----
----- Total	
comprehensive income (loss)	
.....	\$ 23,125 \$
(245,238)	=====
=====	=====

12. RESTRUCTURING CHARGES:

Retail Restructuring Program. A summary of other exit costs associated with the Retail Restructuring Program is as follows (in millions):

BALANCE
BALANCE
DECEMBER

Engineered Machine Tool Business Restructuring Program. A summary of the severance and other exit costs associated with the Engineered Machine Tool Business Restructuring Program is included in the following table (in millions):

BALANCE	
BALANCE	
DECEMBER	
31, NEW	
CASH OTHER	
MARCH 31,	
2002	
CHARGES	
PAYMENTS	
CHANGES	
2003 -----	

Severance	
and	
benefits	
.. \$ 0.9 \$	
-- \$ (0.8)	
\$ -- \$ 0.1	
Other exit	
costs	
.....	
2.1 --	
(0.2) --	
1.9 -----	

Total	
..... \$	
3.0 \$ -- \$	
(1.0) \$ --	
\$ 2.0	
=====	
=====	
=====	
=====	
=====	

The other exit costs consist of contractual lease and contract takeover obligations that will be settled in cash payments through November 2005.

13. GOODWILL:

On January 1, 2002, the Company adopted SFAS No. 142 and recorded a \$285.7 million impairment of goodwill (\$249.2 million, net of tax). The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the three months ended March 31, 2003, in total and by segment, are as follows (in thousands):

BALANCE	BALANCE
DECEMBER 31,	
GOODWILL FOREIGN	
CURRENCY MARCH	
31, SEGMENT 2002	
IMPAIRMENT	
TRANSLATION &	
OTHER 2003 - ---	

Residential	
.....	
\$ 27,065 \$ -- \$	
(963) \$ 26,102	
Commercial	

```

.....
 25,927 -- 168
26,095 -----
-----
-----
----- Heating
and Cooling ...
52,992 -- (795)
 52,197 Service
    Experts
.....
307,543 -- 4,867
   312,410
  Refrigeration
.....
 60,267 -- 2,379
62,646 -----
-----
-----
----- Total
.....
$ 420,802 $ -- $
 6,451 $ 427,253
=====
=====
=====
=====
=====

```

The change in the residential segment includes \$(0.8) million allocated to the disposal of the HVAC distributor included in Note 9.

14. INVESTMENTS IN AFFILIATES:

For the joint ventures with Outokumpu Oyj and LII's other joint venture investments, the Company records its equity in the earnings of the joint ventures as a component of selling, general and administrative expense in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

OVERVIEW

The Company participates in four reportable business segments of the heating, ventilation, air conditioning and refrigeration ("HVACR") industry. The first reportable segment is residential heating and cooling, in which LII manufactures and markets a full line of heating, air conditioning and hearth products for the residential replacement and new construction markets in the United States and Canada. The second reportable segment is commercial heating and cooling, in which LII manufactures and sells primarily rooftop products and related equipment for commercial applications. Combined, the residential and commercial heating and cooling segments form LII's heating and cooling business. The third reportable segment is Service Experts, which includes sales and installation of, and maintenance and repair services for, HVAC equipment by approximately 190 LII-owned service centers in the United States and Canada. The fourth reportable segment is refrigeration, which consists of unit coolers, condensing units and other commercial refrigeration products.

During August 2002, LII formed joint ventures with Outokumpu Oyj of Finland ("Outokumpu"). Outokumpu purchased a 55 percent interest in the Company's former heat transfer business segment in the U.S. and Europe for \$55 million in cash and notes, with LII retaining 45 percent ownership. The net after-tax gain on the sale and the related expenses and charges was \$6.4 million. LII accounts for its remaining 45 percent ownership interest using the equity method of accounting. The Company currently reports the historical results of operations of its former heat transfer business segment in the "Corporate and other" business segment.

LII's customers include distributors, installing dealers, property owners, national accounts and original equipment manufacturers. The demand for LII's products and services is influenced by national and regional economic and demographic factors, such as interest rates, the availability of financing, regional population and employment trends, new construction, general economic conditions and consumer confidence. In addition to economic cycles, demand for LII's products and services is seasonal and dependent on the weather. Hotter than normal summers generate strong demand for replacement air conditioning and refrigeration products and colder than normal winters have the same effect on heating products. Conversely, cooler than normal summers and warmer than normal winters depress sales of HVACR products.

The principal components of cost of goods sold in LII's manufacturing operations are component costs, raw materials, factory overhead, labor and estimated costs of warranty expense. In LII's Service Experts segment, the principal components of cost of goods sold are equipment, parts and supplies and labor. The principal raw materials used in LII's manufacturing processes are copper, aluminum and steel. In instances where LII is unable to pass on to its customers increases in the costs of copper and aluminum, LII enters into forward contracts for the purchase of those materials. LII attempts to minimize the risk of price fluctuations in key components by entering into contracts, typically at the beginning of the year, which generally provide for fixed prices for its needs throughout the year. These hedging strategies enable LII to establish product prices for the entire model year while minimizing the impact of price increases of components and raw materials on its margins. Warranty expense is estimated based on historical trends and other factors.

On January 1, 2002, LII adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS No. 142"), and recorded a \$285.7 million impairment of goodwill (\$249.2 million, net of taxes). The impairment charge relates primarily to the 1998 to 2000 acquisitions of LII's Service Experts and hearth products operations, where lower than expected operating results occurred.

LII's fiscal year ends on December 31 of each year and its interim fiscal quarters are each comprised of 13 weeks. For convenience, throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, the 13 week periods comprising each fiscal quarter are denoted by the last day of the calendar quarter.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth, as a percentage of net sales, income data for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002:

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	-----	2003	2002	-----
	--			
		----- Net sales		
100.0%	100.0%			Cost of goods sold
				67.3
69.4				----- Gross profit
				32.7 30.6
				Selling, general and administrative expense
				31.1 29.2 Restructurings

0.1				----- Income from operations
				1.6 1.3 Interest
				expense, net
				1.0 1.2
				Other income

0.0	0.0			Minority interest
				0.0
0.0				----- Income before income taxes and cumulative
				effect of accounting change 0.6 0.1 Provision for income taxes
				0.2 0.0 -----
				----- Income before cumulative effect of accounting change
				0.4 0.1 Cumulative effect of accounting change

				37.0 -----
				-- Net income (loss)
				0.4% (36.9)%
				=====

The following table sets forth net sales by business segment and geographic market (dollars in millions):

THREE MONTHS ENDED				
MARCH 31,	2003	2002	--	

--	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%

BUSINESS SEGMENT:				
Residential				
.....	\$			
294.3	45.3%	\$ 273.9		
40.6%	Commercial			
.....				92.8
14.3	86.8	12.9	-----	

---	-----	Heating		
and Cooling	... 387.1			
59.6	360.7	53.5		
Service Experts				
.....	197.1			
30.3	205.0	30.4		
Refrigeration				
.....	90.2			
13.9	87.9	13.0		
Corporate and other				
.....	-- --	45.9		
6.8	Eliminations			
.....	(24.6)			
(3.8)	(25.2)	(3.7)	---	

Total net sales	\$		
649.8	100.0%	\$ 674.3		
100.0%	=====			
=====				
=====				
GEOGRAPHIC				
MARKET: U.S.				
.....				
\$ 496.4	76.4%	\$ 532.1		
78.9%	International			
.....	153.4			
23.6	142.2	21.1	-----	

```

-----
----- Total
net sales .... $ 649.8
100.0% $ 674.3 100.0%
=====
=====
=====

```

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2003 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002

Net Sales

Net sales decreased \$24.5 million, or 3.6%, to \$649.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 from \$674.3 million for the comparable period a year ago. Adjusted for the favorable impact of foreign currency translation, net sales declined 5.9% compared to the same period last year. The net sales decline was attributable to the absence of net sales from the Company's former heat transfer business segment, 55 percent of which was sold to Outokumpu during the third quarter of 2002, lower net sales in the Company's Service Experts business segment and the wind-down of the Company's engineered machine tool business. The Company currently reports the historical results of operations of its former heat transfer business segment in the "Corporate and other" business segment. Adjusting for the loss of \$45.9 million of net sales from the Company's former heat transfer business segment and \$15.5 million favorable impact of foreign currency translation, net sales increased \$5.9 million, or 0.9%, for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2002 as shown in the following table (dollars in millions):

THREE MONTHS ENDED		
MARCH 31, -----		
-----	2003	2002 \$
CHANGE %	CHANGE	-----
-----	-----	-----
-- Net sales, as reported		
.....		
\$649.8	\$674.3	\$ (24.5)
(3.6)%		Net sales from former heat transfer business segment
.....		
-- (45.9)	45.9	Impact of foreign currency translation ... (15.5)
-- (15.5)	-----	-----
-	-----	-----
Net sales, as adjusted		
.....		
\$634.3	\$628.4	\$ 5.9
0.9%	=====	=====
	=====	=====

Net sales in the residential heating and cooling business segment increased \$20.4 million, or 7.4%, to \$294.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 from \$273.9 million for three months ended March 31, 2002. Adjusted for the impact of foreign currency translation, net sales increased 6.8%, or \$18.7 million, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2002. Net sales increases were achieved by all of the Company's home comfort equipment brands,

including hearth products, for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to the same period last year. According to the Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute, U.S. factory shipments of unitary air conditioners and heat pumps were up 2% for the first three months of 2003 compared to the same period a year ago. However, distributor shipments for the first three months of 2003 were down 5% from the same period last year indicating signs of end-market softness.

Net sales in the commercial heating and cooling business segment increased \$6.0 million, or 6.9%, to \$92.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2002. However, after adjusting for the impact of foreign currency exchange, net sales were essentially flat for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to the same period last year. Net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2002 include \$1.7 million of net sales from the Company's Australian commercial air conditioning operations, which were exited during the second quarter of 2002.

Net sales in the Service Experts business segment were \$197.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003, a decrease of \$7.9 million, or 3.9%, from \$205.0 million for the same period a year ago. The sales decline was 5.0% after adjusting for the impact of foreign currency exchange. The sales decline was entirely in the commercial new construction sector due in part to severe weather in key sales areas. The Company believes a significant portion of the sales decline is represented by work that has been pushed back to later in 2003.

Refrigeration business segment net sales increased \$2.3 million, or 2.6%, to \$90.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2002. However, after adjusting for the impact of foreign currency exchange, net sales decreased \$3.9 million, or 4.4%, for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to the same period last year. The sales decline, after adjusting for the impact of foreign currency exchange, was due primarily to a drop in demand for commercial refrigeration equipment for supermarket and cold-storage application both domestically and abroad, and also market softness in the domestic fast food sector. However, the Company believes it is maintaining its market share and strong position with major accounts in this business segment.

Gross Profit

Gross profit was \$212.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to \$206.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002, an increase of \$6.1 million. Gross profit margin improved 2.1% to 32.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2003 from 30.6% for the comparable period in the prior year. Gross profit margin improved in all of the Company's business segments although the gross profit margin improvement in the commercial heating and cooling business segment was minimal.

In the Company's residential heating and cooling business segment, gross profit margins improved 1.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to the same period last year due primarily to product pricing improvement in the Company's replacement business, favorable product mix and improved margins and volume combined with lower overhead costs in the Company's hearth products operations. In the Company's Service Experts business segment, gross profit margin improved 0.7% over the same period due primarily to efficiencies in direct labor utilization and purchasing savings. In the Company's refrigeration business segment, gross profit margin improved 1.4% over the same period due to purchasing savings and lower overhead in the Company's domestic operations and purchasing savings in the Company's Asia Pacific operations partially offset by pricing related margin pressure in Europe. The absence of lower margin business from the Company's former heat transfer business segment also contributed to the gross profit margin improvement for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to the same period last year. LIFO (last in, first out) inventory liquidations did not have a material impact on gross profit margins.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses were \$202.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003, an increase of \$5.0 million, or 2.5%, from \$197.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002. As a percentage of total net sales, SG&A expenses increased to 31.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2003 from 29.2% compared to the same period a year ago. As a percentage of total net sales, the increase in SG&A expenses was due primarily to the absence of the Company's former heat transfer business segment and higher insurance costs. SG&A expenses, as a percentage of total net sales, increased 1.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2003 due to the revenue decline caused by the sale of the former heat transfer business segment.

Restructurings

Pre-tax restructuring charges of \$0.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 principally included personnel termination charges in the Company's residential heating and cooling business segment. These restructuring charges resulted from the Company's decision to sell or abandon certain manufacturing and distribution operations in the fourth quarter of 2001.

Interest Expense, Net

Interest expense, net, for the three months ended March 31, 2003 decreased \$0.9 million, or 11.4%, from \$7.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002. The lower interest expense resulted from lower debt levels. As of March 31, 2003, total debt of \$388.7 million was \$135.2 million lower than total debt as of March 31, 2002.

Other Income

Other income was \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to \$0.1 million for the same period last year. Other income is comprised of foreign currency exchange gains or losses, which relate principally to the Company's operations in Canada, Australia and Europe. Appreciation of Australia's, Europe's and Canada's currencies was primarily responsible for the overall change when comparing the three months ended March 31, 2003 to the same period a year ago.

Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes was \$1.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to \$0.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002. The effective tax rate was 39.0% and 41.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The lower effective tax rate was primarily due to the Company utilizing its foreign net operating loss carry-forwards in 2003 by generating foreign income.

Cumulative Effect of Accounting Change

The cumulative effect of accounting change represents an after-tax, non-cash, goodwill impairment charge of \$249.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002. This charge resulted from the adoption of SFAS No. 142 which became effective January 1, 2002 and requires that goodwill and other intangible assets with an indefinite useful life no longer be amortized as expenses of operations but rather be tested for impairment upon adoption and at least annually by applying a fair-value-based test. During the first quarter of 2002, LII conducted such fair-value-based tests and recorded a pre-tax goodwill impairment charge of \$285.7 million. The charge primarily relates to the Company's Service Experts and residential heating and cooling business segments. The tax benefit of this charge was \$36.5 million. During the first quarter of 2003, LII again conducted such fair-value-based tests and determined that no further goodwill impairment charge was necessary.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

LII's working capital and capital expenditure requirements are generally met through internally generated funds and bank lines of credit.

During the first three months of 2003, cash used in operating activities was \$26.2 million compared to \$6.4 in 2002. The change is primarily due to pre-season cooling inventory buildup driven by low field inventory levels and the introduction of new products. Net cash provided by investing activities in 2003 includes the proceeds from the sale of the net assets of a distributor in the residential segment.

Capital expenditures of \$5.2 million and \$4.7 million in the first three months of 2003 and 2002, respectively, were primarily for production equipment in the North American residential and international refrigeration products manufacturing plants in 2003 and for the North American residential and heat transfer products manufacturing plants in 2002.

The Company has bank lines of credit aggregating \$326 million, of which \$18 million was borrowed and outstanding, and \$42 million was committed to standby letters of credit at March 31, 2003. Of the remaining \$266 million, approximately \$137 million was available for future borrowings after consideration of covenant limitations. Included in the lines of credit is a domestic facility in the amount of \$270 million governed by agreements between the Company and a syndicate of banks. The facility contains certain financial covenants and bears interest, at the Company's option, at a rate equal to either

(a) the greater of the bank's prime rate or the federal funds rate plus 0.5% or

(b) the London Interbank Offered Rate plus a margin equal to 0.5% to 2.25%, depending upon the ratio of total funded debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"). The Company pays a commitment fee, depending upon the ratio of total funded debt to EBITDA, equal to 0.15% to 0.50% of the unused commitment. The agreements place restrictions on the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness, encumber its assets, sell its assets, or pay dividends. The Company has included in cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet \$32.9 million of restricted cash related to letters of credit.

Under an on-going asset securitization arrangement, the Company had sold, at March 31, 2003, \$115.1 million of receivables on a non-recourse basis. The receivables are sold at a discount from face value and this discount aggregated \$0.9 million through three months of 2003. The discount expense is shown as a component of selling, general and administrative expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk among its diversified customer base.

LII's domestic revolving and term loans contain certain financial covenant restrictions. As of March 31, 2003, LII was in compliance with all covenant requirements and LII believes that cash flow from operations, as well as available borrowings under its revolving credit facility and other sources of funding, will be sufficient to fund its operations for the foreseeable future.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of ARB No. 51." This interpretation addresses the consolidation by business enterprises of variable interest entities, as defined in the interpretation, when the reporting enterprise is the primary beneficiary of the variable interest entities. The interpretation applies immediately to variable interests in variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003, and as of July 1, 2003, to variable interests in variable interest entities created before February 1, 2003. The application of this interpretation is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

This Report contains forward-looking statements and information that are based on the beliefs of LII's management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to management. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Report constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including but not limited to statements identified by the words "may," "will," "should," "plan," "predict," "anticipate," "believe," "intend," "estimate" and "expect" and similar expressions. Such statements reflect Lennox's current views with respect to future events, based on what it believes are reasonable assumptions; however, such statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. These include, but are not limited to, warranty and product liability claims; ability to successfully complete and integrate acquisitions; ability to manage new lines of business; the consolidation trend in the HVACR industry; adverse reaction from customers to the Company's acquisitions or other activities; the impact of the weather on business; competition in the HVACR business; increases in the prices of components and raw materials; general economic conditions in the U.S. and abroad; labor relations problems; operating risks and environmental risks. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. LII disclaims any intention or obligation to update or review any forward-looking statements or information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

LII's results of operations can be affected by changes in exchange rates. Net sales and expenses in currencies other than the United States dollar are translated into United States dollars for financial reporting purposes based on the average exchange rate for the period. Net sales from outside the United States represented 23.6% and 21.1% of total net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Historically, foreign currency transaction gains (losses) have not had a material effect on LII's overall operations.

The Company enters into commodity futures contracts to stabilize prices to be paid for raw materials and parts containing high copper and aluminum content. These contracts are for quantities equal to, or less than, quantities expected to be consumed in future production. As of March 31, 2003, the Company had metal

futures contracts maturing at various dates through December 31, 2003 with a fair value as an asset of \$0.9 million.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures within 90 days of the filing of this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's current disclosure controls and procedures are effective for the purpose of ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in this report has been processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner. There have been no significant changes in internal controls, or in factors that could significantly affect internal controls, subsequent to the date the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer completed their evaluation.

PART II -- OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.

- *3.1 -- Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Lennox (Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Lennox's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-75725)).
- *3.2 -- Amended and Restated Bylaws of Lennox (Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Lennox' Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-75725)).
- *4.1 -- Specimen stock certificate for the Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of Lennox (Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Lennox' Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-75725)).
- 12.1 -- Lennox International Inc. and Subsidiaries Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges (Unaudited) For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2003.
- 99.1 -- Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99.2 -- Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Reports on Form 8-K

During the three-month period ending March 31, 2003, the Company filed or furnished one Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 5, 2003 and filed February 7, 2003 reporting under Item 9 - Regulation FD Disclosure a press release reporting the Company's financial results for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2002.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC.

Date: May 13, 2003

/s/ Richard A. Smith

Principal Financial Officer
and Duly Authorized Signatory

CERTIFICATION

I, Richard A. Smith, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Lennox International Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date");
 - c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: May 13, 2003

/s/ Richard A. Smith

Principal Financial Officer
and Duly Authorized Signatory

CERTIFICATION

I, Robert E. Schjerven, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Lennox International Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date");
 - c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function);
 - a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: May 13, 2003

/s/ Robert E. Schjerven

Chief Executive Officer

LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES
 (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE THREE
 MONTHS ENDED
 FOR THE YEARS
 ENDED

DECEMBER 31,
 MARCH 31, ---

----- (In
 thousands,
 except ratio)
 2002 2001
 2000 1999
 1998 2003 ---

EARNINGS AS
 DEFINED:

Income (loss)
 before income
 taxes,
 cumulative
 effect of
 accounting
 change,
 minority
 interest and
 income or
 loss from
 equity
 investees \$
 91,998 \$
 (44,271) \$
 100,576 \$
 123,138 \$
 88,817 \$
 2,504 Fixed
 charges
 59,490 69,188
 81,772 48,688
 30,225 11,964

Earnings as
 defined \$
 151,488 \$
 24,917 \$
 182,348 \$
 171,826 \$
 119,042 \$
 14,468 -----

----- FIXED
 CHARGES AS
 DEFINED:
 Interest
 expense,
 including
 amortization
 of deferred
 finance

charges \$	
36,480 \$	
45,888 \$	
59,339 \$	
35,888 \$	
20,825 \$	
7,466 Portion	
of rental	
expense	
representative	
of the	
interest	
factor 23,010	
23,300 22,433	
12,800 9,400	
4,498 -----	

- -----	

----- Fixed	
charges as	
defined \$	
59,490 \$	
69,188 \$	
81,772 \$	
48,688 \$	
30,225 \$	
11,964 -----	

-- -----	

----- RATIO	
OF EARNINGS	
TO FIXED	
CHARGES(1)	
2.55 -- 2.23	
3.53 3.94	
1.21 -----	

(1) Due to restructuring charges in 2001 of \$73.2 million (of which \$7.8 million was included in cost of goods sold), additional earnings of \$44.3 million would have been necessary to cover fixed charges.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Lennox International Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2003 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Robert E. Schjerven, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Robert E. Schjerven
Chief Executive Officer
May 13, 2003

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Lennox International Inc. and will be retained by Lennox International Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Lennox International Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2003 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Richard A. Smith, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Richard A. Smith
Chief Financial Officer
May 13, 2003

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Lennox International Inc. and will be retained by Lennox International Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.