# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q	

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

# FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED March 31, 2015

Commission file number 001-15149

# LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC.

Incorporated pursuant to the laws of the State of Delaware

Internal Revenue Service Employer Identification No. 42-0991521

2140 LAKE PARK BLVD., RICHARDSON, TEXAS, 75080 (972-497-5000)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer	[X]	Accelerated Filer	[]
Non-Accelerated Filer	[]	Smaller Reporting Company	[]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [] No [X] As of April 16, 2015, the number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, par value \$.01 per share, was 44,995,652.

# LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC. FORM 10-Q

# For the three months ended March 31, 2015

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# LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Amounts in millions, except shares and par values)	As of	March 31, 2015	As of D	ecember 31, 2014
	(1	unaudited)		
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36.7	\$	37.5
Accounts and notes receivable, net of allowances of \$7.5 and \$7.9 in 2015 and 2014, respectively		449.4		421.4
Inventories, net		533.1		463.3
Deferred income taxes, net		32.7		32.5
Other assets		88.4		59.3
Total current assets		1,140.3		1,014.0
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$655.3 and \$654.1 in 2015 and 2014, respectively		356.0		358.6
Goodwill		204.5		209.4
Deferred income taxes		91.5		97.5
Other assets, net		87.2		84.8
Total assets	\$	1,879.5	\$	1,764.3
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT) EQUITY				
Current Liabilities:				
Short-term debt	\$	185.3	\$	226.6
Current maturities of long-term debt		31.5		24.0
Accounts payable		347.6		324.3
Accrued expenses		204.9		239.0
Income taxes payable		1.2		13.4
Total current liabilities		770.5		827.3
Long-term debt		869.0		675.0
Post-retirement benefits, other than pensions		4.0		4.5
Pensions		131.0		129.9
Other liabilities		121.2		118.6
Total liabilities		1,895.7		1,755.3
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' (deficit) equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding		_		_
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 87,170,197 shares issued		0.9		0.9
Additional paid-in capital		839.4		824.9
Retained earnings		1,022.5		1,022.1
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(178.7)		(153.5)
Treasury stock, at cost, 42,181,306 shares and 42,535,126 shares in 2015 and 2014, respectively		(1,700.9)		(1,686.0)
Noncontrolling interests		0.6		0.6
Total stockholders' (deficit) equity		(16.2)		9.0
Total liabilities and stockholders' (deficit) equity	\$	1,879.5	\$	1,764.3

# LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions, except per share data)	For the Three Months Ended March 3			Iarch 31,
	:	2015		2014
Net sales	\$	685.8	\$	695.4
Cost of goods sold		522.8		527.3
Gross profit		163.0		168.1
Operating Expenses:				
Selling, general and administrative expenses		133.4		135.6
Losses (gains) and other expenses, net		5.6		2.4
Restructuring charges		0.3		0.1
Income from equity method investments		(3.3)		(3.9)
Operational income from continuing operations		27.0		33.9
Interest expense, net		5.7		3.3
Other expense (income), net		_		_
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		21.3		30.6
Provision for income taxes		7.3		10.7
Income from continuing operations		14.0		19.9
Discontinued Operations:				
Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes		(0.2)		_
Benefit from income taxes		(0.1)		_
Loss from discontinued operations		(0.1)		_
Net income	\$	13.9	\$	19.9
Earnings per share – Basic:				
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.31	\$	0.41
Loss from discontinued operations		_		_
Net income	\$	0.31	\$	0.41
Earnings per share – Diluted:				
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.31	\$	0.40
Loss from discontinued operations		_		_
Net income	\$	0.31	\$	0.40
Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding - Basic		44.7		49.0
Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding - Diluted		45.5		49.9
Cash dividends declared per share	\$	0.30	\$	0.24

# LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions) For the			ths Ended	March 31,
		2015		2014
Net income	\$	13.9	\$	19.9
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(27.3)		2.6
Net change in pension and post-retirement liabilities		(0.6)		(0.3)
Reclassification of pension and post-retirement benefit losses into earnings		2.0		1.2
Change in fair value of available-for-sale marketable equity securities		_		0.5
Net change in fair value of cash flow hedges		(1.9)		(7.0)
Reclassification of cash flow hedge losses into earnings		3.4		1.1
Other comprehensive income (loss) before income taxes		(24.4)		(1.9)
Income tax (expense) benefit		(0.8)		1.9
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		(25.2)		_
Comprehensive income	\$	(11.3)	\$	19.9

# LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)	For the Three Months Ende			ded March 31		
	-	2015	2014			
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net income	\$	13.9	\$	19.9		
Net loss from discontinued operations		0.1		_		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Income from equity method investments		(3.3)		(3.9)		
Dividends from affiliates						
Restructuring expenses, net of cash paid		(0.1)		(0.1)		
Provision for bad debts		0.9		(0.1)		
Unrealized losses on derivative contracts		0.2		0.6		
Stock-based compensation expense		3.5		3.8		
Depreciation and amortization		15.5		15.0		
Deferred income taxes		(1.1)		0.5		
Other items, net		0.1		12.8		
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of divestitures:						
Accounts and notes receivable		(40.1)		(33.8)		
Inventories		(78.5)		(122.9)		
Other current assets		1.0		(1.7)		
Accounts payable		29.6		59.5		
Accrued expenses		(29.0)		(33.1)		
Income taxes payable and receivable		(40.1)		(29.3)		
Other		5.3		(12.2)		
Net cash used in discontinued operations		(0.1)		_		
Net cash used in operating activities		(122.2)		(125.0)		
Cash flows from investing activities:		, ,				
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(18.0)		(17.3)		
Net cash used in investing activities	<u></u>	(18.0)		(17.3)		
Cash flows from financing activities:		` ,		· · · · ·		
Short-term borrowings, net		(0.2)		2.5		
Asset securitization payments		(40.0)		_		
Long-term debt payments		_		(0.4)		
Borrowings from revolving credit facility		580.5		479.0		
Payments on revolving credit facility		(379.0)		(319.0)		
Proceeds from employee stock purchases		0.6		0.5		
Repurchases of common stock to satisfy employee withholding tax obligations		(20.5)		(10.7)		
Excess tax benefits related to share-based payments		16.0		4.2		
Cash dividends paid		(13.4)		(11.8)		
Net cash provided by financing activities		144.0		144.3		
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		3.8		2.0		
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		(4.6)		(1.0)		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		37.5		38.0		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	36.7	\$	39.0		
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:						
Interest paid	\$	3.1	\$	1.2		
		32.2				
Income taxes paid (net of refunds)	\$	32.2	\$	35.4		

# LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

# 1. General:

References in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to "we," "our," "us," "LII," or the "Company" refer to Lennox International Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise.

# **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2015, the accompanying unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the accompanying unaudited Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, and the accompanying unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and footnotes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. The accompanying consolidated financial statements contain all material adjustments, consisting principally of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to applicable rules and regulations, although we believe that the disclosures herein are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The operating results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year.

Our fiscal year ends on December 31 and each quarter is comprised of 13 weeks. For convenience, throughout these financial statements, the 13 weeks comprising each quarterly period are denoted by the last day of the respective calendar quarter.

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates and the underlying assumptions affect the amounts of assets and liabilities reported, disclosures about contingent assets and liabilities, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Such estimates include the valuation of accounts receivable, inventories, goodwill, intangible assets and other long-lived assets, contingencies, guarantee obligations, indemnifications, and assumptions used in the calculation of income taxes, pension and post-retirement medical benefits, and stockbased compensation among others. These estimates and assumptions are based on our best estimates and judgment.

We evaluate these estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment. We believe these estimates and assumptions to be reasonable under the circumstances and will adjust such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Volatile equity, foreign currency and commodity markets combine to increase the uncertainty inherent in such estimates and assumptions. Future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision and actual results could differ significantly from these estimates. Changes in these estimates will be reflected in the financial statements in future periods.

# Reclassifications

Certain amounts have been reclassified from the prior year presentation to conform to the current year presentation.

### 2. Inventories:

The components of inventories are as follows (in millions):

	As of M	March 31, 2015	As of December 31, 20		
Finished goods	\$	399.3	\$	338.2	
Work in process		9.4		8.1	
Raw materials and parts		190.6		182.6	
Subtotal		599.3	'	528.9	
Excess of current cost over last-in, first-out cost		(66.2)		(65.6)	
Total inventories, net	\$	533.1	\$	463.3	

### 3. Goodwill:

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the first three months of 2015, in total and by segment, are summarized in the table below (in millions):

	Balance at Dece 2014	ember 31,	Acquisitions / (Dispositions)	Other (1)	Bal	lance at March 31, 2015
Residential Heating & Cooling	\$	26.1	\$ _	\$ 	\$	26.1
Commercial Heating & Cooling		62.3	_	(1.7)		60.6
Refrigeration		121.0	_	(3.2)		117.8
Total Goodwill	\$	209.4	\$ _	\$ (4.9)	\$	204.5

<sup>(1)</sup> Other consists of changes in foreign currency translation rates.

We performed our annual goodwill impairment test in the fourth quarter of 2014 and did not record any goodwill impairments. We continue to monitor our reporting units for indicators of impairment throughout the year to determine if a change in facts or circumstances warrants a re-evaluation of our goodwill.

### 4. Derivatives:

# Objectives and Strategies for Using Derivative Instruments

Commodity Price Risk - We utilize a cash flow hedging program to mitigate our exposure to volatility in the prices of metal commodities used in our production processes. Our hedging program includes the use of futures contracts to lock in prices, and as a result, we are subject to derivative losses should the metal commodity prices decrease and gains should the prices increase. We utilize a dollar cost averaging strategy so that a higher percentage of commodity price exposures are hedged near-term and lower percentages hedged at future dates. This strategy allows for protection against near-term price volatility while allowing us to adjust to market price movements over time.

*Interest Rate Risk* - A portion of our debt bears interest at variable rates, and as a result, we are subject to variability in the cash paid for interest. To mitigate a portion of that risk, we may choose to engage in an interest rate swap hedging strategy to eliminate the variability of interest payment cash flows. We are not currently hedged against interest rate risk.

Foreign Currency Risk - Foreign currency exchange rate movements create a degree of risk by affecting the U.S. dollar value of assets and liabilities arising in foreign currencies. We seek to mitigate the impact of currency exchange rate movements on certain short-term transactions by periodically entering into foreign currency forward contracts. These forward contracts are not designated as hedges and generally expire during the quarter that we enter into them. By entering into forward contracts, we lock in exchange rates that would otherwise cause losses should the U.S. dollar appreciate and gains should the U.S. dollar depreciate.

# Cash Flow Hedges

We have commodity futures contracts designated as cash flow hedges that are scheduled to mature through September 2016. Unrealized gains or losses from our cash flow hedges are included in accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL") and are expected to be reclassified into earnings within the next 18 months based on the prices of the commodities at the settlement dates.

We recorded the following amounts in AOCL related to our cash flow hedges (in millions):

	As of Ma	arch 31, 2015	As of Dece	mber 31, 2014
Unrealized losses on unsettled futures contracts	\$	5.8	\$	7.2
Income tax benefit		(2.1)		(2.6)
Losses included in AOCL, net of tax (1)	\$	3.7	\$	4.6

<sup>(1)</sup> Assuming commodity prices remain constant, we expect to reclassify \$3.8 million of derivative losses into earnings within the next 12 months.

We had the following outstanding commodity futures contracts designated as cash flow hedges (in millions of pounds):

	As of March 31, 2015	As of December 31, 2014
Copper	24.9	29.4

# Derivatives not Designated as Cash Flow Hedges

For commodity derivatives not designated as cash flow hedges, we follow the same hedging strategy as derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, except that we elect not to designate them as cash flow hedges at the inception of the arrangement. We had the following outstanding commodity futures contracts not designated as cash flow hedges (in millions of pounds):

	As of March 31, 2015	As of December 31, 2014
Copper	2.5	2.9
Aluminum	2.5	2.2

We also had the following outstanding foreign currency forward contracts not designated as cash flow hedges (in millions):

	As of March 31, 2015	As of December 31, 2014
Notional Amounts (in local currency):		
Brazilian Real	4.1	8.7
Mexican Peso	60.7	229.7
United States Dollar	9.0	4.5
Euro	3.9	3.6
Polish Zloty	20.2	30.6
Russian Ruble	69.9	80.8

# Information about the Locations and Amounts of Derivative Instruments

The following tables provide the locations and amounts of derivative fair values in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and derivative gains and losses in the Consolidated Statements of Operations (in millions):

Fair Values of Derivative Instruments (1)

	Derivati	<b>Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments</b>			Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments				
	As of Ma	As of March 31, 2015		31, 2015 As of December 31, 2014		As of March 31, 2015		ecember 31, 2014	
Current Assets:									
Other Assets									
Commodity futures contracts	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Foreign currency forward contracts		_		_		0.3		0.3	
Non-Current Assets:									
Other Assets, net									
Commodity futures contracts		0.2		_		_		_	
Total Assets	\$	0.2	\$	_	\$	0.3	\$	0.3	
Current Liabilities:									
Accrued Expenses									
Commodity futures contracts	\$	5.9	\$	6.7	\$	0.7	\$	0.7	
Foreign currency forward contracts		_		_		0.2		_	
Non-Current Liabilities:									
Other Liabilities									
Commodity futures contracts				0.5		_		0.1	
Total Liabilities	\$	5.9	\$	7.2	\$	0.9	\$	0.8	
(1) A 33 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	(1) A 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								

<sup>(1)</sup> All derivative instruments are classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy. See Note 16 for more information.

Derivatives Designated as Cash Flow Hedges For the Three Mon		onths Ended March 31,			
	2015			2014	
Amount of Loss reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion) (1)	\$	3.4	\$	1.1	
Amount of Loss (Gain) recognized in Net income (Ineffective Portion) (2)	\$	_	\$	0.1	

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments		For the Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2015	2014				
Amount of Loss (Gain) Recognized in Net Income:							
Commodity futures contracts (2)	\$	0.3	\$	0.	).7		
Foreign currency forward contracts (2)		0.2		0.	0.1		
	\$	0.5	\$	0.	8.0		

<sup>(1)</sup> The loss was recorded in Cost of goods sold in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.
(2) The loss (gain) was recorded in Losses (gains) and other expenses, net in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

### 5. Income Taxes:

As of March 31, 2015, we had approximately \$1.6 million in total gross unrecognized tax benefits. Of this amount, \$1.2 million (net of federal benefit on state issues), if recognized, would be recorded through the Consolidated Statement of Operations. As of March 31, 2015, we had approximately \$0.2 million (net of federal tax benefits) in interest and penalties recognized in income tax expense in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 740.

We are currently under examination for our U.S. federal income taxes under the Internal Revenue Service's Compliance Assurance Program for 2015 and 2014 and are subject to examination by numerous other taxing authorities in the U.S. and in jurisdictions such as Australia, Belgium, France, Canada, and Germany. We are generally no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by taxing authorities for years prior to 2009.

# 6. Commitments and Contingencies:

# **Product Warranties and Product Related Contingencies**

We offer warranties to customers for some of our products and record liabilities for estimated future warranty-related costs based on failure rates, cost experience and other factors. We periodically review the assumptions used to determine the product warranty liabilities and will adjust the liabilities in future periods for changes in assumptions, as necessary.

Liabilities for estimated product warranty costs related to continuing operations are included in the following captions on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets (in millions):

	As of Marcl	ı 31, 2015	As of December 31, 2014		
Accrued expenses	\$	26.3	\$	27.3	
Other liabilities		60.3		59.9	
Total warranty liability	\$	86.6	\$	87.2	

The changes in product warranty liabilities related to continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were as follows (in millions):

Total warranty liability as of December 31, 2014	\$ 87.2
Warranty claims paid	(4.7)
Changes resulting from issuance of new warranties	6.4
Changes in estimates associated with pre-existing liabilities	(1.2)
Changes in foreign currency translation rates and other	(1.1)
Total warranty liability as of March 31, 2015	\$ 86.6

We have incurred, and will likely continue to incur, product costs not covered by insurance or our suppliers' warranties. Also, to satisfy our customers and protect our brands, we have repaired or replaced installed products experiencing quality-related issues, and will likely continue such repairs and replacements. We currently estimate our probable liability for a supplier quality issue within a range of \$2.2 million and \$6 million; accordingly, we have accrued a \$2.2 million liability in Accrued Expenses on the Consolidated Balance Sheet because all amounts in that range were equally likely. The supplier has agreed to reimburse our costs related to this liability; accordingly, we have also recorded a receivable of \$2.2 million in Other Assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. If additional costs are incurred, we expect the supplier will also reimburse those costs. The \$2.2 million accrual is not included in the estimated warranty liabilities tables immediately above.

# Litigation

We are involved in a number of claims and lawsuits incident to the operation of our businesses. Insurance coverages are maintained and estimated costs are recorded for such claims and lawsuits, including costs to settle claims and lawsuits, based on experience involving similar matters and specific facts known. Costs related to such matters were not material to the periods presented.

Some of these claims and lawsuits allege personal injury or health problems resulting from exposure to asbestos that was integrated into certain of our products. We have never manufactured asbestos and have not incorporated asbestos-containing

components into our products for several decades. A substantial majority of asbestos-related claims have been covered by insurance or other forms of indemnity or have been dismissed without payment. The remainder of our closed cases have been resolved for amounts that are not material, individually or in the aggregate. Our defense costs for asbestos-related claims are generally covered by insurance; however, our insurance coverage for settlements and judgments for asbestos-related claims vary depending on several factors and are subject to policy limits. As a result, we may have greater financial exposure for future settlements and judgments. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, and 2014, expense for asbestos-related litigation was \$0.1 million, and \$0.2 million, net of insurance recoveries, respectively.

We are the defendant in an attempted class action lawsuit alleging evaporator coils in our residential air conditioning products are susceptible to a type of corrosion that can result in coil leaks. We dispute the allegations in the lawsuit. We have reached tentative settlement terms and recorded a liability of \$2.4 million in Accrued Expenses on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Any additional liability resulting from the proposed settlement is not currently reasonably estimable, but we do not expect the proposed settlement to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

It is management's opinion that none of these claims or lawsuits or any threatened litigation will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. Claims and lawsuits, however, involve uncertainties and it is possible that their eventual outcome could adversely affect our results of operations for a particular period.

# 7. Lines of Credit and Financing Arrangements:

The following table summarizes our outstanding debt obligations and their classification in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets (in millions):

	As of March 31, 2015		As of December 31, 2014	
Short-Term Debt:				
Asset Securitization Program	\$	180.0	\$	220.0
Foreign obligations		5.3		6.6
Total short-term debt	\$	185.3	\$	226.6
Current maturities of long-term debt:				
Capital lease obligations	\$	1.5	\$	1.5
Domestic credit facility	\$	30.0	\$	22.5
Long-Term Debt:				
Capital lease obligations	\$	15.5	\$	15.5
Domestic credit facility		653.5		459.5
Senior unsecured notes		200.0		200.0
Total long-term debt	\$	869.0	\$	675.0
Total debt	\$	1,085.8	\$	925.6

# Short-Term Debt

# Foreign Obligations

Through several of our foreign subsidiaries, we have facilities available to assist in financing seasonal borrowing needs for our foreign locations. We had \$5.3 million and \$6.6 million of foreign obligations as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, that were primarily borrowings under non-committed facilities. Proceeds on these facilities were \$11.0 million and \$20.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Repayments on the facilities were \$11.2 million and \$18.1 million and during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

# Asset Securitization Program

Under the Asset Securitization Program ("ASP"), we are eligible to sell beneficial interests in a portion of our trade accounts receivable to participating financial institutions for cash. The ASP is subject to annual renewal and contains a provision whereby we retain the right to repurchase all of the outstanding beneficial interests transferred. Our continued involvement with the transferred assets includes servicing, collection and administration of the transferred beneficial interests. The accounts receivable securitized under the ASP are high-quality domestic customer accounts that have not aged significantly. The receivables represented

by the retained interest that we service are exposed to risk of loss for any uncollectible amounts in the pool of receivables sold under the ASP. The fair values assigned to the retained and transferred interests are based on the sold accounts receivable carrying value given the short term to maturity and low credit risk. The sale of the beneficial interests in our trade accounts receivable are reflected as short-term borrowings in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets and proceeds received are included in cash flows from financing activities in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

In November 2014, we amended the ASP, extending its term to November 13, 2015 and increasing the maximum securitization amount from a range of \$160.0 million to \$220.0 million to a range of \$180.0 million to \$220.0 million, depending on the period. The maximum capacity under the ASP is the lesser of the maximum securitization amount or 100% of the net pool balance less allowances, as defined by the ASP. Eligibility for securitization is limited based on the amount and quality of the qualifying accounts receivable and is calculated monthly. The eligible amounts available and beneficial interests sold were as follows (in millions):

	As of Ma	As of March 31, 2015		cember 31, 2014
Eligible amount available under the ASP on qualified accounts receivable	\$	180.0	\$	220.0
Beneficial interest sold		180.0		220.0
Remaining amount available	\$	_	\$	_

We pay certain discount fees to use the ASP and to have the facility available to us. These fees relate to both the used and unused portions of the securitization. The used fee is based on the beneficial interest sold and calculated on the average LIBOR rate or floating commercial paper rate determined by the purchaser of the beneficial interest, plus a program fee of 0.60%. The average rate for both March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was 0.79%. The unused fee is based on 101% of the maximum available amount less the beneficial interest sold and is calculated at a 0.30% fixed rate throughout the term of the agreement. In addition, a 0.05% unused fee is charged on incremental available amounts above \$180 million during certain months of the year. We recorded these fees in Interest expense, net in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The ASP contains certain restrictive covenants relating to the quality of our accounts receivable and certain cross-default provisions with our Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Facility Agreement ("Domestic Credit Facility"), senior unsecured notes and any other indebtedness we may have over \$75.0 million. The administrative agent under the ASP is also a participant in our Domestic Credit Facility. The participating financial institutions have investment grade credit ratings. We continue to evaluate their credit ratings and have no reason to believe they will not perform under the ASP. As of March 31, 2015, we were in compliance with all covenant requirements.

# Long-Term Debt

# Domestic Credit Facility

On November 13, 2014, we replaced our \$650 million Domestic Revolving Credit Facility with a \$950 million Domestic Credit Facility, which consists of a \$650 million revolving credit facility and a \$300 million term loan and matures in November 2019 (the "Maturity Date"). Under our \$950.0 million Domestic Credit Facility, we had outstanding borrowings of \$683.5 million as well as \$27.2 million committed to standby letters of credit as of March 31, 2015. Subject to covenant limitations, \$239.3 million was available for future borrowings. The unsecured \$300 million term loan also matures on the Maturity Date and requires quarterly principal repayments of \$7.5 million beginning on June 30, 2015. The revolving credit facility allows up to \$150 million of letters of credit to be issued and also includes a subfacility for swingline loans of up to \$65 million. Additionally, at our request and subject to certain conditions, the commitments under the Domestic Credit Facility may be increased by a maximum of \$350 million as long as existing or new lenders agree to provide such additional commitments.

Our weighted average borrowing rate on the facility was as follows:

	As of March 31, 2015	As of December 31, 2014
Weighted average borrowing rate	1.66%	1.88%

Our Domestic Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries and contains financial covenants relating to leverage and interest coverage. Other covenants contained in the Domestic Credit Facility restrict, among other things, certain mergers, asset dispositions, guarantees, debt, liens, and affiliate transactions. The financial covenants require us to maintain a defined Consolidated Indebtedness to Adjusted EBITDA Ratio and a Cash Flow (defined as EBITDA minus capital expenditures) to Net

Interest Expense Ratio. The required ratios under our Domestic Credit Facility are detailed below:

# Consolidated Indebtedness to Adjusted EBITDA Ratio no greater than

Cash Flow to Net Interest Expense Ratio no less than

3.5 : 1.0 3.0 : 1.0

Our Domestic Credit Facility contains customary events of default. These events of default include nonpayment of principal or interest, breach of covenants or other restrictions or requirements, default on certain other indebtedness or receivables securitizations (cross default), and bankruptcy. A cross default under our Domestic Credit Facility could occur if:

- We fail to pay any principal or interest when due on any other indebtedness or receivables securitization of at least \$75.0 million; or
- We are in default in the performance of, or compliance with any term of any other indebtedness or receivables securitization in an aggregate principal amount of at least \$75.0 million or any other condition exists which would give the holders the right to declare such indebtedness due and payable prior to its stated maturity.

Each of our major debt agreements contains provisions by which a default under one agreement causes a default in the others (a "cross default"). If a cross default under the Domestic Credit Facility, our senior unsecured notes, the Lake Park Renewal (recorded as an operating lease), or our ASP were to occur, it could have a wider impact on our liquidity than might otherwise occur from a default of a single debt instrument or lease commitment. If any event of default occurs and is continuing, lenders with a majority of the aggregate commitments may require the administrative agent to terminate our right to borrow under our Domestic Credit Facility and accelerate amounts due under our Domestic Credit Facility (except for a bankruptcy event of default, in which case such amounts will automatically become due and payable and the lenders' commitments will automatically terminate). As of March 31, 2015, we were in compliance with all covenant requirements.

### Senior Unsecured Notes

We issued \$200.0 million of senior unsecured notes in May 2010 through a public offering. Interest is paid semiannually on May 15 and November 15 at a fixed interest rate of 4.90% per annum. These notes mature on May 15, 2017. The notes are guaranteed, on a senior unsecured basis, by each of our domestic subsidiaries that guarantee payment by us of any indebtedness under our Domestic Credit Facility. The indenture governing the notes contains covenants that, among other things, limit our ability and the ability of the subsidiary guarantors to: create or incur certain liens; enter into certain sale and leaseback transactions; enter into certain mergers, consolidations and transfers of substantially all of our assets; and transfer certain properties. The indenture also contains a cross default provision which is triggered if we default on other debt of at least \$75.0 million in principal which is then accelerated, and such acceleration is not rescinded within 30 days of the notice date. As of March 31, 2015, we were in compliance with all covenant requirements.

# 8. Pension and Post-retirement Benefit Plans:

The components of net periodic benefit cost were as follows (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,							
		2015	2014			2015		2014
		Pension	Benefi	ts	Other Benefits			s
Service cost	\$	1.2	\$	1.1	\$	_	\$	_
Interest cost		4.3		4.4		_		_
Expected return on plan assets		(5.3)		(5.7)		_		_
Amortization of prior service cost		_		0.1		(8.0)		(8.0)
Recognized actuarial loss		2.4		1.6		0.4		0.4
Settlements and curtailments		0.3		_		_		_
Net periodic benefit cost (1)	\$	2.9	\$	1.5	\$	(0.4)	\$	(0.4)

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  All net periodic benefit cost for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 related to continuing operations.

# 9. Stock-Based Compensation:

We issue various long-term incentive awards, including performance share units, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights under the Lennox International Inc. 2010 Incentive Plan, as amended and restated. Stock-based compensation expense related to continuing operations is included in Selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations as follows (in millions):

	For the Three Mor	ths Ended M	arch 31,
	2015		2014
Stock-based compensation expense (1)	\$ 3.5	\$	3.8

<sup>(1)</sup> All expense was recorded in our Corporate and other business segment.

# 10. Stock Repurchases:

Our Board of Directors has authorized a total of \$1.4 billion towards the repurchase of shares of our common stock (collectively referred to as the "Share Repurchase Plans"). The Share Repurchase Plans authorize open market repurchase transactions and do not have an expiration date. There were no additional share repurchase authorizations in the first three months of 2015. As of March 31, 2015, \$395.9 million of shares may yet be repurchased under the Share Repurchase Plans.

We also repurchased 0.2 million shares for \$20.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 from employees who surrendered their shares to satisfy minimum tax withholding obligations upon the exercise of long-term incentive awards.

# 11. Comprehensive Income:

The following table provides information on items not reclassified in their entirety from AOCL to Net Income in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			nded March 31,	Affected Line Item(s) in the Consolidated Statements
		2015		2014	of Operations
(Losses)/Gains on cash flow hedges:					
Commodity futures contracts	\$	(3.4)	\$	(1.1)	Cost of goods sold
Income tax benefit		1.2		0.4	Provision for income taxes
Net of tax	\$	(2.2)	\$	(0.7)	
Defined Benefit Plan items:					
Pension and post-retirement benefit costs	\$	(2.0)	\$	(1.2)	Cost of goods sold; Selling, general and administrative expenses
Income tax benefit		0.7		0.4	Provision for income taxes
Net of tax	\$	(1.3)	\$	(0.8)	
Total reclassifications from AOCL	\$	(3.5)	\$	(1.5)	

The following table provides information on changes in AOCL, by component (net of tax), for the three months ended March 31, 2015 (in millions):

	on C	s (Losses) ash Flow ledges	-	ealized Gains on ailable-for-Sale Securities	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Items		Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments		y on	
AOCL as of December 31, 2014	\$	(4.6)	\$	3.2	\$	(149.4)	\$	(2.7)	\$	(153.5)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications		(1.1)		_		(0.3)		(27.3)		(28.7)
Amounts reclassified from AOCL		2.2		_		1.3		_		3.5
Net other comprehensive (loss) income		1.1		_		1.0		(27.3)		(25.2)
AOCL as of March 31, 2015	\$	(3.5)	\$	3.2	\$	(148.4)	\$	(30.0)	\$	(178.7)

# 12. Restructuring Charges:

We record restructuring charges associated with management-approved restructuring plans when we reorganize or remove duplicative headcount and infrastructure within our businesses. Restructuring charges include severance costs to eliminate a specified number of employees, infrastructure charges to vacate facilities and consolidate operations, contract cancellation costs and other related activities. The timing of associated cash payments is dependent upon the type of restructuring charge and can extend over a multi-year period. Restructuring charges are not included in our calculation of segment profit (loss), as more fully explained in Note 15.

# Restructuring Activities in 2015

Information regarding the restructuring charges for all ongoing activities are presented in the table below (in millions):

	Charges Incurred in 2015	n Charges Incurred to Date	Total Charges Expected to be Incurred
Severance and related expense	\$ 0.1	\$ 7.0	\$ 7.3
Asset write-offs and accelerated depreciation	0.1	1.9	1.9
Equipment moves	_	_	_
Lease termination	_	_	_
Other	0.1	1.9	2.2
Total restructuring charges	\$ 0.3	\$ 10.8	\$ 11.4

While restructuring charges are excluded from our calculation of segment profit (loss), the table below presents the restructuring charges associated with each segment (in millions):

	Charges Incurred in 2015	Charges Incurred to Date	Total Charges Expected to be Incurred
Residential Heating & Cooling	\$ 0.1	\$ 1.6	\$ 1.6
Commercial Heating & Cooling	_	0.9	0.9
Refrigeration	0.2	8.3	8.9
Corporate & Other	_	_	_
Total restructuring charges	\$ 0.3	\$ 10.8	\$ 11.4

Restructuring accruals are included in Accrued expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. The table below details the activity in 2015 within the restructuring accruals (in millions):

	Balance as o December 31, 2		Charged to Earnings	τ	Cash Itilization	Non-Cash Utilization and Other	alance as of arch 31, 2015
Severance and related expense	\$ 1	1.5	\$ 0.1	\$	(0.2)		\$ 1.4
Asset write-offs and accelerated depreciation		_	0.1				0.1
Equipment moves	(	0.1			(0.1)		_
Lease termination		—					_
Other		—	0.1		(0.1)		_
Total restructuring accruals	\$ 1	1.6	\$ 0.3	\$	(0.4)	<u> </u>	\$ 1.5

# 13. Discontinued Operations:

On March 22, 2013, we sold our Service Experts business to a majority-owned entity of American Capital, Ltd. (the "Buyer") in an all-cash transaction for net proceeds of \$10.4 million, excluding transaction costs. We also entered into a two-year equipment and parts supply agreement with the Buyer. In April 2012, we sold our Hearth business to Comvest Investment Partners IV in an all-cash transaction for net proceeds of \$10.1 million, excluding the transaction costs and cash transferred with the business.

There were no assets and liabilities related to the Service Experts or Hearth businesses included in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2015 or December 31, 2014, except for insurance casualty loss reserves which we retained after the respective transactions. The gains and losses on the sale of these businesses and their operating results for all periods are presented in discontinued operations in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. The following table provides a summary of net trade sales, pre-tax operating income (loss) and other supplemental information related to discontinued operations (in millions):

	Service Experts				
	For the Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2015	2014			
Net trade sales (1)	\$ 	\$ —	-		
Pre-tax operating income (loss) (1)	(0.1)	_	-		
Gain (loss) on sale of business	_	(0.1	L)		

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes eliminations of intercompany sales and any associated profit

		Hearth			
	For	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	20	015	2014		
Net trade sales (1)	\$	<u> </u>	_		
Pre-tax operating income (loss) (1)		(0.1)	_		
Gain (loss) on sale of business		_	0.1		

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes eliminations of intercompany sales and any associated profit

# 14. Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share are computed by dividing net income by the sum of the weighted-average number of shares and the number of equivalent shares assumed outstanding, if dilutive, under our stock-based compensation plans.

The computations of basic and diluted earnings per share for Net income were as follows (in millions, except per share data):

	For	arch 31,		
		2015		2014
Net income	\$	13.9	\$	19.9
Add: Loss from discontinued operations		0.1		_
Income from continuing operations	\$	14.0	\$	19.9
Weighted-average shares outstanding – basic		44.7		49.0
Add: Potential effect of dilutive securities attributable to stock-based payments		8.0		0.9
Weighted-average shares outstanding – diluted		45.5		49.9
Earnings per share – Basic:				
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.31	\$	0.41
Loss from discontinued operations		_		_
Net income	\$	0.31	\$	0.41
Earnings per share – Diluted:				
Income from continuing operations	\$	0.31	\$	0.40
Loss from discontinued operations		_		_
Net income	\$	0.31	\$	0.40

The following stock appreciation rights were outstanding but not included in the diluted earnings per share calculation because the assumed exercise of such rights would have been anti-dilutive (in millions, except for per share data):

	For the Th	ree Months Ended March 31,	1,	
	2015	2014		
Weighted-average number of shares		0.2 0.3		
Price range per share	\$	92.64 \$81.11 - \$81.14		

# 15. Reportable Business Segments:

We operate in three reportable business segments of the heating, ventilation, air conditioning and refrigeration ("HVACR") industry. Our segments are organized primarily by the nature of the products and services we provide. The following table describes each segment:

Segment	Product or Services	Markets Served	Geographic Areas
Residential Heating & Cooling	Furnaces, air conditioners, heat pumps, packaged heating and cooling systems, indoor air quality equipment, comfort control products, replacement parts	Residential Replacement; Residential New Construction	United States Canada
Commercial Heating & Cooling	Unitary heating and air conditioning equipment, applied systems, controls, installation and service of commercial heating and cooling equipment	Light Commercial	United States Canada Europe
Refrigeration	Condensing units, unit coolers, fluid coolers, air cooled condensers, air handlers, process chillers, controls, compressorized racks, supermarket display cases and systems	Light Commercial; Food Preservation; Non-Food/Industrial	United States Canada Europe Asia Pacific South America

We use segment profit or loss as the primary measure of profitability to evaluate operating performance and to allocate capital resources. We define segment profit or loss as a segment's income or loss from continuing operations before income taxes included in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations, excluding certain items. The reconciliation below details the items excluded.

Our corporate costs include those costs related to corporate functions such as legal, internal audit, treasury, human resources, tax compliance and senior executive staff. Corporate costs also include the long-term share-based incentive awards provided to employees throughout LII. We recorded these share-based awards as Corporate costs because they are determined at the discretion of the Board of Directors and based on the historical practice of doing so for internal reporting purposes.

As they arise, transactions between segments are recorded on an arm's-length basis using the relevant market prices. Any intercompany sales and associated profit (and any other intercompany items) are eliminated from segment results. There were no significant intercompany eliminations for the periods presented as follows.

# Segment Data

Net sales and segment profit (loss) for each segment, along with a reconciliation of segment profit (loss) to Income from continuing operations before income taxes, are shown below (in millions):

	F	For the Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2015		2014		
Net Sales						
Residential Heating & Cooling	\$	362.5	\$	342.1		
Commercial Heating & Cooling		159.9		173.0		
Refrigeration		163.4		180.3		
	\$	685.8	\$	695.4		
			-			
Segment Profit (Loss) (1)						
Residential Heating & Cooling	\$	31.2	\$	24.4		
Commercial Heating & Cooling		7.7		10.2		
Refrigeration		4.0		12.1		
Corporate and other		(11.7)		(11.4)		
Subtotal that includes segment profit and eliminations		31.2		35.3		
Reconciliation to income from continuing operations before income taxes:						
Special product quality adjustments		(0.2)		_		
Items in Losses (gains) and other expenses, net that are excluded from segment profit (loss) (1)		4.1		1.3		
Restructuring charges		0.3		0.1		
Interest expense, net		5.7		3.3		
Special inventory write down		_		_		
Other expense (income), net				_		
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	\$	21.3	\$	30.6		

- (1) The Company defines segment profit and loss as a segment's income or loss from continuing operations before income taxes included in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations, excluding:
  - Special product quality adjustments;
  - · The following items in Losses (gains) and other expenses, net:
    - $\circ$   $\;$  Net change in unrealized gains and/or losses on unsettled futures contracts,
    - Special legal contingency charges,
    - · Asbestos-related litigation,
    - · Environmental liabilities, and
    - Other items, net;
  - · Restructuring charges;
  - · Goodwill, long-lived asset, and equity method investment impairments;
  - Interest expense, net;
  - · Special inventory write down; and
  - · Other expense, net.

# Total Assets by Segment

Except for the seasonal increase in total assets across all reportable segments, there have not been any material changes in the composition of total assets by segment since December 31, 2014.

# 16. Fair Value Measurements:

# Fair Value Hierarchy

The methodologies used to determine the fair value of our financial assets and liabilities at March 31, 2015 were the same as those used at December 31, 2014.

# Assets and Liabilities Carried at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

### **Derivatives**

Derivatives were classified as Level 2 and primarily valued using estimated future cash flows based on observed prices from exchange-traded derivatives. We also considered the counterparty's creditworthiness, or our own creditworthiness, as appropriate. Adjustments were recorded to reflect the risk of credit default, however, they were insignificant to the overall value of the derivatives. Refer to Note 4 for more information related to our derivative instruments.

# Marketable Equity Securities

The following table presents the fair values of an investment in marketable equity securities, classified as Level 1 and related to publicly traded stock of a non-U.S. company, recorded in Other assets, net in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets (in millions):

	As of Mar	ch 31, 2015	As of December 31, 2014		
Investment in marketable equity securities	\$	5.5	\$	5.3	

# Other Fair Value Disclosures

The carrying amounts of Cash and cash equivalents, Accounts and notes receivable, net, Accounts payable, Other current liabilities, and Short-term debt approximate fair value due to the short maturities of these instruments. The carrying amount of our Domestic Credit Facility in Long-term debt also approximates fair value due to its variable-rate characteristics.

The fair value of our senior unsecured notes in Long-term debt, classified as Level 2, was based on the amount of future cash flows using current market rates for debt instruments of similar maturities and credit risk. The following table presents their fair value (in millions):

		As of March 31, 2015	As of Decemb	er 31, 2014
Senior unsecured notes	_	\$ 214.8	\$	210.6

# 17. Condensed Consolidating Financial Statements:

The Company's senior unsecured notes are unconditionally guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries (the "Guarantor Subsidiaries") and are not secured by our other subsidiaries (the "Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries"). The Guarantor Subsidiaries are 100% owned, all guarantees are full and unconditional, and all guarantees are joint and several. As a result of the guarantee arrangements, we are required to present the following condensed consolidating financial statements.

The condensed consolidating financial statements reflect the investments in subsidiaries of the Company using the equity method of accounting. The principal elimination entries eliminate investments in subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions. Condensed consolidating financial statements of the Company, its Guarantor Subsidiaries and Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 are shown on the following pages.

# Lennox International Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets As of March 31, 2015

(Amounts in millions)	Parent		Guarantor Subsidiaries	on-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	c	Consolidated
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1.2	\$	11.9	\$ 23.6	\$ _	\$	36.7
Accounts and notes receivable, net	_		27.5	421.9	_		449.4
Inventories, net	_		419.0	121.7	(7.6)		533.1
Deferred income taxes, net	3.0		27.3	7.5	(5.1)		32.7
Other assets	 3.4		44.2	99.6	(58.8)		88.4
Total current assets	 7.6		529.9	674.3	(71.5)		1,140.3
Property, plant and equipment, net	_		273.0	83.0	_		356.0
Goodwill	_		140.5	64.0	_		204.5
Investment in subsidiaries	969.7		389.6	(0.6)	(1,358.7)		_
Deferred income taxes	0.6		86.4	14.1	(9.6)		91.5
Other assets, net	5.1		60.3	23.2	(1.4)		87.2
Intercompany receivables (payables), net	(92.9)		89.8	3.1		_	_
Total assets	\$ 890.1	\$	1,569.5	\$ 861.1	\$ (1,441.2)	\$	1,879.5
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		-					
Current liabilities:							
Short-term debt	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 185.3	\$ 	\$	185.3
Current maturities of long-term debt	30.0		1.3	0.2	_		31.5
Accounts payable	13.5		269.4	64.7	_		347.6
Accrued expenses	11.0		145.2	48.7	_		204.9
Income taxes payable	 (2.4)		16.1	54.4	(66.9)		1.2
Total current liabilities	52.1		432.0	353.3	(66.9)		770.5
Long-term debt	853.5		15.3	0.2	_		869.0
Post-retirement benefits, other than pensions	_		4.0	_	_		4.0
Pensions	_		119.6	11.4			131.0
Other liabilities	 0.7		122.1	11.5	(13.1)		121.2
Total liabilities	 906.3		693.0	376.4	(80.0)		1,895.7
Commitments and contingencies							
Total stockholders' equity	 (16.2)		876.5	484.7	(1,361.2)		(16.2)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 890.1	\$	1,569.5	\$ 861.1	\$ (1,441.2)	\$	1,879.5

# Lennox International Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2014

(Amounts in millions)	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	1	Eliminations	(	Consolidated
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1.0	\$ 11.5	\$ 25.0	\$	_	\$	37.5
Accounts and notes receivable, net	_	12.3	409.1		_		421.4
Inventories, net	_	350.6	119.7		(7.0)		463.3
Deferred income taxes, net	2.8	27.3	7.4		(5.0)		32.5
Other assets	3.6	45.7	67.2		(57.2)		59.3
Total current assets	 7.4	447.4	628.4		(69.2)		1,014.0
Property, plant and equipment, net	_	269.0	89.6		_		358.6
Goodwill	_	140.4	69.0		_		209.4
Investment in subsidiaries	978.1	263.5	(0.6)		(1,241.0)		_
Deferred income taxes	0.5	90.8	15.8		(9.6)		97.5
Other assets, net	5.2	61.0	20.1		(1.5)		84.8
Intercompany receivables (payables), net	(280.4)	302.4	(22.0)		_		_
Total assets	\$ 710.8	\$ 1,574.5	\$ 800.3	\$	(1,321.3)	\$	1,764.3
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY							
Current liabilities:							
Short-term debt	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 226.6	\$	_	\$	226.6
Current maturities of long-term debt	22.5	1.2	0.3		_		24.0
Accounts payable	13.4	237.8	73.1		_		324.3
Accrued expenses	9.0	175.5	54.5		_		239.0
Income taxes payable	(3.7)	34.7	47.5		(65.1)		13.4
Total current liabilities	 41.2	449.2	402.0		(65.1)		827.3
Long-term debt	659.5	15.3	0.2		_		675.0
Post-retirement benefits, other than pensions	_	4.5	_		_		4.5
Pensions	_	117.6	12.3		_		129.9
Other liabilities	1.1	118.7	11.7		(12.9)		118.6
Total liabilities	701.8	705.3	426.2		(78.0)		1,755.3
Commitments and contingencies							
Total stockholders' equity	9.0	869.2	374.1		(1,243.3)		9.0
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 710.8	\$ 1,574.5	\$ 800.3	\$	(1,321.3)	\$	1,764.3

# Lennox International Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015

(Amounts in millions)	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	n-Guarantor ubsidiaries	Eliminations	(	Consolidated
Net Sales	\$ 	\$ 576.2	\$ 153.8	\$ (44.2)	\$	685.8
Cost of goods sold	_	443.6	122.9	(43.7)		522.8
Gross profit		132.6	 30.9	(0.5)		163.0
Operating expenses:						
Selling, general and administrative expenses	_	108.0	25.4	_		133.4
Losses (gains) and other expenses, net	0.1	3.8	1.7	_		5.6
Restructuring charges	_	0.1	0.2	_		0.3
Income from equity method investments	(17.5)	2.3	(2.8)	14.7		(3.3)
Operational income from continuing operations	17.4	18.4	 6.4	(15.2)		27.0
Interest expense, net	5.5	(0.5)	0.7	_		5.7
Other expense, net	_	_	_	_		_
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	11.9	18.9	5.7	(15.2)		21.3
Provision for income taxes	(2.0)	7.8	1.6	(0.1)		7.3
Income from continuing operations	13.9	11.1	4.1	(15.1)		14.0
Loss from discontinued operations	_	_	(0.1)	_		(0.1)
Net income	\$ 13.9	\$ 11.1	\$ 4.0	\$ (15.1)	\$	13.9
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	1.0	(3.9)	(20.5)	(1.8)		(25.2)
Comprehensive income	\$ 14.9	\$ 7.2	\$ (16.5)	\$ (16.9)	\$	(11.3)

# Lennox International Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

(Amounts in millions)	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	C	onsolidated
Net Sales	\$ _	\$ 559.2	\$ 182.6	\$ (46.4)	\$	695.4
Cost of goods sold	_	433.3	139.4	(45.4)		527.3
Gross profit		125.9	43.2	(1.0)		168.1
Operating expenses:						
Selling, general and administrative expenses	_	104.2	31.4	_		135.6
Losses (gains) and other expenses, net	0.9	8.0	0.7	_		2.4
Restructuring charges	_	_	0.1	_		0.1
Income from equity method investments	(22.4)	(2.4)	(3.2)	24.1		(3.9)
Operational income from continuing operations	 21.5	 23.3	14.2	(25.1)		33.9
Interest expense, net	3.0	(0.6)	0.9	_		3.3
Other expense, net	_	_	_	_		_
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	 18.5	 23.9	13.3	 (25.1)		30.6
Provision for income taxes	(1.4)	7.8	4.7	(0.4)		10.7
Income from continuing operations	19.9	16.1	8.6	(24.7)		19.9
Loss from discontinued operations	_	_	_	_		_
Net income	\$ 19.9	\$ 16.1	\$ 8.6	\$ (24.7)	\$	19.9
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		3.3	1.3	(4.6)		_
Comprehensive income	\$ 19.9	\$ 19.4	\$ 9.9	\$ (29.3)	\$	19.9

# Lennox International Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015

(Amounts in millions)	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	C	onsolidated
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ 3.5	\$ (156.4)	\$ 30.7	<u> </u>	\$	(122.2)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	_	(14.9)	(3.1)	_		(18.0)
Net proceeds from sale of business	_	_	_	_		_
Net cash used in discontinued operations	 _	 				_
Net cash used in investing activities	 _	(14.9)	(3.1)	_		(18.0)
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Short-term borrowings, net	_	_	(0.2)	_		(0.2)
Asset securitization borrowings	_	_	_	_		_
Asset securitization payments	_	_	(40.0)	_		(40.0)
Long-term debt payments	_	0.1	(0.1)	_		_
Borrowings from revolving credit facility	580.5		_	_		580.5
Payments on revolving credit facility	(379.0)	_	_	_		(379.0)
Proceeds from employee stock purchases	0.6		_	_		0.6
Repurchases of common stock	_	_	_	_		_
Repurchases of common stock to satisfy employee withholding tax obligations	(20.5)	_	_	_		(20.5)
Excess tax benefits related to share-based payments	16.0	_	_	_		16.0
Intercompany debt	(16.2)	2.9	13.3	_		_
Intercompany financing activity	(171.3)	168.7	2.6	_		_
Intercompany investments	_	_	_	_		_
Cash dividends paid	(13.4)	_	_	_		(13.4)
Net cash provided by financing activities	 (3.3)	171.7	(24.4)	_		144.0
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	0.2	0.4	3.2	_		3.8
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	_	_	(4.6)	_		(4.6)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1.0	11.5	25.0			37.5
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1.2	\$ 11.9	\$ 23.6	<b>\$</b> —	\$	36.7

# Lennox International Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

(Amounts in millions)	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ 85.4	\$ (198.8)	\$ (11.6)	<b>\$</b> —	\$ (125.0)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	_	(11.7)	(5.6)	_	(17.3)
Net proceeds from sale of business	_	_	_	_	_
Net cash used in discontinued operations	_	_	_	_	_
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(11.7)	(5.6)	_	(17.3)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Short-term borrowings, net	_	_	2.5	_	2.5
Asset securitization borrowings	_	_	_	_	_
Asset securitization payments	_	_	_	_	_
Long-term debt payments	_	(0.3)	(0.1)	_	(0.4)
Borrowings from revolving credit facility	479.0	_	_	_	479.0
Payments on revolving credit facility	(319.0)	_	_	_	(319.0)
Proceeds from employee stock purchases	0.5	_	_	_	0.5
Repurchases of common stock	_	_	_	_	_
Repurchases of common stock to satisfy employee withholding tax obligations	(10.7)	_	_	_	(10.7)
Excess tax benefits related to share-based payments	4.2	_	_	_	4.2
Intercompany debt	(6.4)	(4.1)	10.5	_	_
Intercompany financing activity	(221.1)	215.3	5.8	_	_
Cash dividends paid	(11.8)	_	_	_	(11.8)
Net cash used in financing activities	(85.3)	210.9	18.7	_	144.3
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	0.1	0.4	1.5	_	2.0
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	_	_	(1.0)	_	(1.0)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1.1	10.5	26.4	<u> </u>	38.0
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1.2	\$ 10.9	\$ 26.9	<u> </u>	\$ 39.0

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that are based on information currently available to management as well as management's assumptions and beliefs. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including but not limited to statements identified by the words "may," "will," "should," "plan," "predict," "anticipate," "believe," "intend," "estimate" and "expect" and similar expressions. Such statements reflect our current views with respect to future events, based on what we believe are reasonable assumptions; however, such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. In addition to the specific uncertainties discussed elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the risk factors set forth in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, and those set forth in Part II, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of this report, if any, may affect our performance and results of operations. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. We disclaim any intention or obligation to update or review any forward-looking statements or information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

### **Business Overview**

We operate in three reportable business segments of the heating, ventilation, air conditioning and refrigeration ("HVACR") industry. Our reportable segments are Residential Heating & Cooling, Commercial Heating & Cooling, and Refrigeration. For additional information regarding our reportable segments, see Note 15 in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Our fiscal year ends on December 31 and our interim fiscal quarters are each comprised of 13 weeks. For convenience, throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, the 13-week periods comprising each fiscal quarter are denoted by the last day of the calendar quarter.

We sell our products and services through a combination of direct sales, distributors and company-owned parts and supplies stores. The demand for our products and services is seasonal and significantly impacted by the weather. Warmer than normal summer temperatures generate demand for replacement air conditioning and refrigeration products and services, and colder than normal winter temperatures have a similar effect on heating products and services. Conversely, cooler than normal summers and warmer than normal winters depress the demand for HVACR products and services. In addition to weather, demand for our products and services is influenced by national and regional economic and demographic factors, such as interest rates, the availability of financing, regional population and employment trends, new construction, general economic conditions and consumer spending habits and confidence. A substantial portion of the sales in each of our business segments is attributable to replacement business, with the balance comprised of new construction business.

The principal elements of cost of goods sold are components, raw materials, factory overhead, labor, estimated warranty costs, and freight and distribution costs. The principal raw materials used in our manufacturing processes are steel, copper and aluminum. Pricing volatility for these commodities and related components impact us and the HVACR industry in general. We seek to mitigate the impact of higher commodity prices through a combination of price increases, commodity contracts, improved production efficiency and cost reduction initiatives. We also partially mitigate volatility in the prices of these commodities by entering into futures contracts and fixed forward contracts.

# **Financial Highlights**

- · Net sales decreased \$9 million, or 1%, to \$686 million in the first quarter of 2015 compared to \$695 million in the first quarter of 2014.
- Operational income from continuing operations in the first quarter of 2015 declined \$7 million to \$27 million from \$34 million in the first quarter of 2014.
- Net income for the first quarter of 2015 was \$14 million compared to \$20 million in the first quarter of 2014.
- Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations were \$0.31 per share in the first quarter of 2015 compared to \$0.40 per share in the first quarter of 2014.
- During the first quarter of 2015, we returned \$13 million to shareholders through dividend payments.
- Cash used in operating activities was \$122 million in the first three months of 2015 compared to \$125 million in the first three months of 2014.

# **Overview of Results**

On a consolidated basis, net sales decreased 1% primarily due to unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates, partially offset by increased volume and improved price and mix. Our gross profit margin decreased from 24.2% as of March 31, 2014 to 23.8% as of March 31, 2015. Selling, general & administrative expenses ("SG&A") as a percentage of net sales were constant quarter over quarter at 19.5%. Operational income from continuing operations decreased \$7 million quarter over quarter due primarily to investments in distribution, lower refrigerant pricing on our Australia wholesale business and unfavorable mix, partially offset by increased material cost savings.

The Residential Heating & Cooling segment led our overall operational performance in the first quarter of 2015, with a 6% increase in net sales and a \$7 million increase in segment profit compared to the first quarter of 2014. This segment benefited from market growth and material cost savings. Sales in the Commercial Heating & Cooling segment decreased 8% and segment profit declined \$3 million in the first quarter of 2015 compared to the first quarter of 2014. This segment's sales were down due to timing of certain National Account business which we expect to ship in the remaining quarters of 2015 as well as unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates. Sales in the Refrigeration segment were down 9% and segment profit declined \$8 million in the first quarter of 2015 compared to the first quarter of 2014. This segment had reduced profitability due to the Australian carbon levy repeal, unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates, unfavorable mix and factory investments for future growth. Also, Corporate and Other expenses increased by \$1 million primarily due to general wage and cost inflation.

# First Quarter of 2015 Compared to First Quarter of 2014 - Consolidated Results

The following table provides a summary of our financial results, including information presented as a percentage of net sales:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,								
	 Dollars (in millions)			Percent Change –	Percent of	Sales			
	2015		2014	Fav/(Unfav)	2015	2014			
Net sales	\$ 685.8	\$	695.4	(1.4)%	100.0 %	100.0 %			
Cost of goods sold	522.8		527.3	0.9	76.2	75.8			
Gross profit	163.0		168.1	(3.0)	23.8	24.2			
Selling, general and administrative expenses	133.4		135.6	1.6	19.5	19.5			
Losses (gains) and other expenses, net	5.6		2.4	133.3	0.8	0.3			
Restructuring charges	0.3		0.1	(200.0)	_	_			
Income from equity method investments	(3.3)		(3.9)	(15.4)	(0.5)	(0.6)			
Operational income from continuing operations	\$ 27.0	\$	33.9	(20.4)%	3.9 %	4.9 %			

# Net Sales

Net sales decreased 1% in the first quarter of 2015 compared to the first quarter of 2014, primarily from a 3% decrease for unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates, partially offset by a 2% increase in volume. The Residential Heating & Cooling segment delivered higher volume by capturing additional replacement and new construction business.

# Gross Profit

Gross profit margin in the first quarter of 2015 decreased 40 basis points ("bps") to 23.8% compared to the first quarter of 2014. Lower material costs increased our profit margin by 240 bps. The decline in gross profit margin was due to 90 bps of unfavorable mix and price, 60 bps from lower refrigerant pricing on our Australia wholesale business when compared to the prior year quarter, 70 bps for investments in distribution and other growth initiatives, and 60 bps from increased total other product costs.

# Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

SG&A was \$133 million in the first quarter of 2015 compared to \$136 million in the first quarter of 2014, and as a percentage of net sales was flat.

Losses (gains) and other expenses, net for the first quarter of 2015 and 2014 included the following (in millions):

	For the	e Three Mon 31	ths Ended March
		2015	2014
Realized losses on settled future contracts	\$	0.4	\$ 0.2
Foreign currency exchange losses (gains)		1.1	8.0
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		_	0.1
Net change in unrealized losses (gains) on unsettled futures contracts		(0.1)	0.6
Special legal contingency charges		3.4	0.4
Asbestos-related litigation		0.1	0.2
Environmental liabilities		0.7	_
Other items, net		_	0.1
Losses (gains) and other expenses, net	\$	5.6	\$ 2.4

The net change in unrealized losses (gains) on unsettled futures contracts was due to higher commodity prices relative to the unsettled futures contract prices. For more information on our futures contracts, see Note 4 in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements. Foreign currency exchange losses increased in the first quarter of 2015 primarily due to the Australian and Canadian dollar exchange rates. Special legal contingency charges increased for our estimate of costs expected to be incurred for an attempted class action lawsuit. The environmental liabilities relate to estimated remediation costs for contamination at some of our facilities. For more information on these legal charges, see Note 6 in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# Restructuring Charges

There were no significant restructuring charges incurred in the first quarter of 2015 or 2014. For additional information on our restructuring activities, refer to Note 12 in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# Income from Equity Method Investments

We participate in two joint ventures that are engaged in the manufacture and sale of compressors, unit coolers and condensing units. We exert significant influence over these affiliates based upon our ownerships, but do not control them due to venture partner participation. Accordingly, these joint ventures have been accounted for under the equity method and their financial position and results of operations are not consolidated. Income from equity method investments of \$3 million in the first quarter of 2015 decreased slightly from the first quarter of 2014.

# Interest Expense, net

Interest expense, net of \$6 million in the first quarter of 2015 increased from \$3 million in the first quarter of 2014 due to an increase in our average borrowings.

# Income Taxes

The Provision for income taxes was \$7 million in the first quarter of 2015 compared to \$11 million in the first quarter of 2014. The effective tax rate was 34.3% for the first quarter of 2015 compared to 35.0% for the first quarter of 2014. Our effective tax rates differ from the statutory federal rate of 35% for certain items, including tax credits, state and local taxes, non-deductible expenses, foreign taxes at rates other than 35% and other permanent tax differences.

# First Quarter of 2015 Compared to First Quarter of 2014 - Results by Segment

# Residential Heating & Cooling

The following table presents our Residential Heating & Cooling segment's net sales and profit for the first quarter of 2015 and 2014 (dollars in millions):

	I.	or the Three Moi	iiuis L	ilucu Maich 51,		
		2015		2014	Difference	% Change
Net sales	\$	362.5	\$	342.1	\$ 20.4	6.0%
Profit	\$	31.2	\$	24.4	\$ 6.8	27.9%
% of net sales		8.6%	)	7.1%		

For the Three Months Ended March 31

Net sales increased by 6% in the first quarter of 2015 compared to the first quarter of 2014. Volume increased by 6% due to industry growth and favorable price and mix increased net sales by 1%, offset by a 1% reduction from unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates.

Segment profit for the first quarter of 2015 increased \$7 million due to \$11 million in material cost savings, \$4 million in higher sales volumes, and \$1 million from favorable price and mix. Partially offsetting these increases was \$3 million of unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates, \$3 million of higher distribution expenses primarily related to continued investment in distribution initiatives, and \$1 million of SG&A investments with the balance attributable to increased other product costs.

# Commercial Heating & Cooling

The following table presents our Commercial Heating & Cooling segment's net sales and profit for the first quarter of 2015 and 2014 (dollars in millions):

	I	For the Three M	onths 31,	Ended March			
		2015		2014	-	Difference	% Change
Net sales	\$	159.9	\$	173.0	\$	(13.1)	(7.6)%
Profit	\$	7.7	\$	10.2	\$	(2.5)	(24.5)%
% of net sales		4.8%		5.9%			

Net sales decreased 8% in the first quarter of 2015 compared to the first quarter of 2014. Sales volumes decreased by 3% primarily due to North American National account project timing and 5% from unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates.

Segment profit in the first quarter of 2015 declined \$3 million compared to the first quarter of 2014. The benefits of \$3 million from material cost savings were offset by \$2 million in lower North American sales volumes, \$2 million for distribution growth investments and start-up costs to enter the Variable Refrigerant Flow ("VRF") market, and \$2 million of higher SG&A expenses.

# Refrigeration

The following table presents our Refrigeration segment's net sales and profit for the first quarter of 2015 and 2014 (dollars in millions):

	For	the Three Mon	ths Er	nded March 31,		
		2015		2014	Difference	% Change
Net sales	\$	163.4	\$	180.3	\$ (16.9)	(9.4)%
Profit	\$	4.0	\$	12.1	\$ (8.1)	(66.9)%
% of net sales		2.4%		6.7%		

Net sales declined 9% in the first quarter of 2015 compared to the first quarter of 2014 primarily due to a 7% unfavorable impact from foreign currency exchange rates and a 3% unfavorable impact from the Australian carbon levy repeal that was effective July 1, 2014. These decreases were partially offset by 1% volume growth led by our North American supermarket businesses.

Segment profit for the first quarter of 2015 decreased \$8 million compared to the first quarter of 2014 primarily due to \$4 million from unfavorable mix predominantly in the North American supermarket business, \$6 million lower profitability in our Australia refrigerant business, \$1 million of costs related to investments for future growth, and \$2 million from unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates. Partially offsetting these decreases were \$2 million from material costs savings and \$3 million from factory productivity and other product costs.

# Corporate and Other

Corporate and other expenses were relatively flat in the first quarter of 2015 as compared to the first quarter of 2014.

# **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our working capital and capital expenditure requirements are generally met through internally generated funds, bank lines of credit and an asset securitization arrangement. Working capital needs are generally greater in the first and second quarters due to the seasonal nature of our business cycle.

# Statement of Cash Flows

The following table summarizes our cash flow activity for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (in millions):

	For t		nths l 1,	Ended March
		2015		2014
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(122.2)	\$	(125.0)
Net cash used in investing activities		(18.0)		(17.3)
Net cash provided by financing activities		144.0		144.3

*Net Cash Used in Operating Activities* - The net cash used in operating activities in the first three months of 2015 and 2014 reflects the seasonal increase in working capital requirements. The \$3 million decrease in net cash used in operating activities quarter over quarter is primarily attributable to the seasonal increase in working capital requirements in 2015 being smaller than the increase in 2014. However, this favorable cash flow impact was offset by increased income tax payments in 2015 and an unfavorable impact from timing of payments in the ordinary course of business.

*Net Cash Used in Investing Activities* - Capital expenditures were \$18 million and \$17 million for the first three months of 2015 and 2014, respectively. Capital expenditures in 2015 were primarily related to investments in systems and software to support the overall enterprise and investments in our distribution network.

Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities - Net cash provided by financing activities of \$144 million were comparable quarter over quarter and primarily relate to borrowings in excess of repayments on our domestic credit facility, offset by payments on our Asset Securitization Program and repurchases of common stock to satisfy employee withholding taxes.

## Debt Position

The following table details our lines of credit and financing arrangements as of March 31, 2015 (in millions):

	Maximum Capacity	Outstanding Borrowings	Available for ture Borrowings
Short-term debt:			 g-
Foreign obligations	\$ 24.7	\$ 5.3	\$ 19.4
Asset Securitization Program (1)	180.0	180.0	_
Total short-term debt	\$ 204.7	\$ 185.3	\$ 19.4
Current maturities of long-term debt:			
Capital lease obligations	\$ 1.5	1.5	\$ _
Domestic credit facility (2)	\$ 30.0	\$ 30.0	_
Long-term debt:			
Capital lease obligations	\$ 15.5	\$ 15.5	_
Domestic credit facility (2)	920.0	653.5	239.3
Senior unsecured notes	200.0	200.0	_
Total long-term debt	1,135.5	869.0	239.3
Total debt	\$ 1,371.7	\$ 1,085.8	\$ 258.7

<sup>(1)</sup> The maximum securitization amount ranges from \$180.0 million to \$220.0 million, depending on the period. The maximum capacity of the ASP is the lesser of the maximum securitization amount or 100% of the net pool balance less reserves, as defined under the ASP.

# Financial Leverage

Our debt-to-total-capital ratio increased to 101.5% at March 31, 2015 from 99.0% at December 31, 2014 due to the increase in our net borrowings, as noted above. We periodically review our capital structure to ensure the appropriate levels of leverage and liquidity. We may access the capital markets, as necessary, based on business needs and to take advantage of favorable interest rate environments or other market conditions. We also evaluate our debt-to-EBITDA ratios to determine, among other considerations, the appropriate targets for capital expenditures and share repurchases under our share repurchase programs. Due to first quarter currency translation adjustments and recent changes to our pension liability, we have a stockholders' deficit as of March 31, 2015.

As of March 31, 2015, our senior credit ratings were Baa3 with a negative outlook, and BBB with a stable outlook, by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") and Standard & Poor's Rating Group ("S&P"), respectively. The security ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. Each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating. Our goal is to maintain investment grade ratings from Moody's and S&P to ensure the capital markets remain available to us.

# Liquidity

We believe our cash and cash equivalents of \$37 million, future cash generated from operations and available future borrowings are sufficient to fund operations, planned capital expenditures, future contractual obligations, share repurchases, anticipated dividends and other needs in the foreseeable future. Included in our cash and cash equivalents of \$37 million as of March 31, 2015 was \$24 million of cash held in foreign locations. Our cash held in foreign locations is used for investing and operating activities in those locations, and we currently do not have the need or intent to repatriate those funds to the United States. If we were to repatriate this cash, we would be required to accrue and pay taxes in the United States for the amounts that were repatriated.

<sup>(2)</sup> In November 2014, we replaced our \$650 million Domestic Revolving Credit Facility and our \$200 million Short Term Facility with a \$950 million Domestic Credit Facility, which consists of a \$650 million revolving credit facility and a \$300 million term loan and matures in November 2019. Quarterly principal repayments of \$7.5 million are required for the term loan beginning on June 30, 2015. The available future borrowings on our domestic credit facility were reduced by the outstanding borrowings and \$27.2 million in outstanding standby letters of credit. We also had \$26.4 million in outstanding standby letters of credit outside of the Domestic Credit Facility as of March 31, 2015.

Our expected capital expenditures for 2015 are \$85 million. We also continue to increase shareholder value through dividend payments and our share repurchase programs, with the completion of our \$450 accelerated share repurchase program in 2015 and a target of between \$55 million and \$60 million of dividend payments in 2015.

# **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

In addition to the credit facilities, promissory notes and leasing commitments described above, we also lease real estate and machinery and equipment pursuant to operating leases that are not capitalized on the balance sheet, including high-turnover equipment such as autos and service vehicles and short-lived equipment such as personal computers. Our operating lease commitments have not materially changed since December 31, 2014.

## **Commitments, Contingencies and Guarantees**

For information regarding our commitments, contingencies and guarantees, see Note 6 in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

On May 28, 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The ASU will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective. The new standard is effective for us on January 1, 2017. Early application is not permitted. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. We are evaluating the effect that ASU 2014-09 will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. We have not yet selected a transition method nor have we determined the effect of the standard on our ongoing financial reporting.

In January 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-01, Income Statement - Extraordinary and Unusual Items (Subtopic 225-20): Simplifying Income Statement Presentation by Eliminating the Concept of Extraordinary Items. ASU No. 2015-01 eliminates the concept of an extraordinary item from GAAP. As a result, an entity will no longer be required to separately present an extraordinary item on its statement of operations, net of tax, after income from continuing operations or to disclose income taxes and net income per share data applicable to an extraordinary item. However, ASU No. 2015-01 will still retain the presentation and disclosure guidance for items that are unusual in nature and occur infrequently. ASU No. 2015-01 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim periods within that reporting period, although early adoption is permitted. We do not expect the adoption of this standard to materially impact our consolidated financial statements, absent any material transactions in future periods that would have qualified for extraordinary item presentation under the prior guidance.

In February 2015, the Financial Accounting Standard Board issued ASU 2015-02, Consolidation: Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis, or ASU 2015-02, which amends the criteria for determining which entities are considered variable interest entities ("VIEs"), amends the criteria for determining if a service provider possesses a variable interest in a VIE and ends the deferral granted to investment companies for application of the VIE consolidation model. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods of public entities beginning after December 15, 2015 and early adoption is permitted. We do not expect the adoption of this standard to materially impact our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standard Board issued ASU No. 2015-03, Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs. The amendments in this ASU require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods of public entities beginning after December 15, 2015, and early adoption is permitted. We do not expect the adoption of this standard to materially impact our consolidated financial statements.

# Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk affecting LII, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in Item 7A of Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. Our exposure to market risk has not changed materially since December 31, 2014.

## **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As required by Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our current management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of March 31, 2015, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the applicable rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

# **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes during the quarter ended March 31, 2015 in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

# **Part II - Other Information**

# **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are involved in a number of claims and lawsuits incident to the operation of our businesses. Insurance coverages are maintained and estimated costs are recorded for such claims and lawsuits. It is management's opinion that none of these claims or lawsuits will have a material adverse effect, individually or in the aggregate, on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

# Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. There have been no material changes to our risk factors from those disclosed in our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

In the first quarter of 2015, we purchased shares of our common stock as follows:

	Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(1)</sup>	Average Price Paid per Share (including fees)	Total Number of Shares Purchased As Part of Publicly Announced Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that may yet be Purchased under our Share Repurchase Plans (in millions) <sup>(2)</sup>	
January 1 through January 31	4,837	\$ 95.91	_	\$	395.9
February 1 through February 28	29,974	102.62	_		395.9
March 1 through March 31	157,168	107.81	_		395.9
	191,979		_		

<sup>(1)</sup> We repurchased 191,979 shares of common stock in January, February, and March 2015 surrendered to LII to satisfy employee tax-withholding obligations in connection with the exercise of long-term incentive awards.

<sup>(2)</sup> After consideration of total payment of \$450 million for Accelerated Share Repurchase Plan (ASR) executed in the fourth quarter of 2014. Final settlement is expected in the second half of 2015.

# Item 6. Exhibits

3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Lennox International Inc. ("LII") (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to LII's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration Statement No. 333-75725) filed on April 6, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of LII (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to LII's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 16, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.1	Specimen Stock Certificate for the Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of LII (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to LII's Amendment to Registration Statement on Form S-1/A (Registration No. 333-75725) filed on June 16, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.2	Indenture, dated as of May 3, 2010, between LII and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to LII's Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on S-3 (Registration No. 333-155796) filed on May 3, 2010, and incorporated herein by reference)
4.3	Form of First Supplemental Indenture among LII, the guarantors party thereto and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.11 to LII's Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on S-3 (Registration No. 333-155796) filed on May 3, 2010, and incorporated herein by reference).
4.4	Second Supplemental Indenture dated as of March 28, 2011, among Heatcraft Inc., a Mississippi corporation, Heatcraft Refrigeration Products LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and Advanced Distributor Products LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Guarantors"), LII, and each other existing Guarantor under the Indenture dated as of May 3, 2010, and U.S. Bank National Association as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.4 to LII's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 26, 2011, and incorporated herein by reference).
4.5	Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 10, 2013 among Lennox National Account Services LLC, LGL Australia (US) Inc., Lennox International Inc., each other existing Guarantor under the Indenture, dated as of May 3, 2010, as subsequently supplemented, and U.S. Bank National Association (filed as Exhibit 4.5 to LII's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 13, 2014 and incorporated berein by

4.6 Form of 4.900% Note due 2017 (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to LII's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 6, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).

31.1 Certification of the principal executive officer (filed herewith).

31.2 Certification of the principal financial officer (filed herewith).

32.1 Certification of the principal executive officer and the principal financial officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 (furnished herewith).

Exhibit No. (101).INS XBRL Instance Document

reference).

Exhibit No. (101).SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

Exhibit No. (101).CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document

Exhibit No. (101).LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document

Exhibit No. (101).PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

Exhibit No. (101). DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

# **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

LENNOX INTERNATIONAL INC.

By: <u>/s/ Joseph W. Reitmeier</u>
Joseph W. Reitmeier
Chief Financial Officer
(on behalf of registrant and as principal financial officer)

Date: April 20, 2015

### CERTIFICATION

# I, Todd M. Bluedorn, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Lennox International Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 20, 2015

/s/ Todd M. Bluedorn

Todd M. Bluedorn
Chief Executive Officer

### CERTIFICATION

# I, Joseph W. Reitmeier, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Lennox International Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 20, 2015

/s/ Joseph W. Reitmeier

Joseph W. Reitmeier Chief Financial Officer

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Lennox International Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned, Todd M. Bluedorn, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Joseph W. Reitmeier, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to his or her knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Todd M. Bluedorn
Todd M. Bluedorn
Chief Executive Officer
April 20, 2015
/s/ Joseph W. Reitmeier
Joseph W. Reitmeier
Chief Financial Officer

April 20, 2015

A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request. The foregoing certification is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to the report.